UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

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(II)

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

CONTENTS

Classification of Offenses.

The term "offenses known to the police" is designed to include those crimes designated as part I classes of the uniform classification occurring within the police jurisdiction, whether they become known to the police through reports of police officers, of citizens, of prosecuting or court officials, or otherwise. They are confined to the following group of seven classes of grave offenses, shown by experience to be those most generally and completely reported to the police: Criminal homicide, including (*a*) murder, nonnegligent manslaughter, and (*b*) manslaughter by negligence; rape; robbery; aggravated assault; burglary—breaking or entering; larceny—theft; and auto theft. The figures contained herein include also the number of attempted crimes

of the designated classes. Attempted murders, however, are reported as aggravated assaults. In other words, an attempted burglary or robbery, for example, is reported in the bulletin in the same manner as if the crime had been completed.

"Offenses known to the police" include, therefore, all of the above offenses, including attempts, which are reported by the police departments of contributing cities and not merely arrests or cleared cases. Complaints which upon investigation are learned to be groundless are not included in the tabulations which follow.

In order to indicate more clearly the types of offenses included in each group, there follows a brief definition of each classification:

1. *Criminal homicide.*—(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter—includes all felonious homicides except those caused by negligence. Does not include attempts to kill, assaults to kill, justifiable homicides, suicides, or accidental deaths. (b) Manslaughter by negligence—includes only those cases in which death is caused by culpable negligence which is so clearly evident that if the person responsible for the death were apprehended he would be prosecuted for manslaughter.

2. *Rape.*—Includes forcible rape, statutory rape, assault to rape, and attempted rape.

3. *Robbery.*—Includes stealing or taking anything of value from the person by force or violence or by putting in fear, such as highway robbery, stick-ups , robbery armed. Includes assault to rob and attempt to rob.

4. *Aggravated assault.*—Includes assault with intent to kill; assault by shooting, cutting, stabbing, maiming, poisoning, scalding, or by use of acids. Does not include simple assault, assault and battery, fighting, etc.

5. *Burglary—Breaking or entering.*—Includes burglary, housebreaking, safe-cracking, or any unlawful entry to commit a felony or theft. Includes attempted burglary and assault to commit a burglary. Burglary followed by a larceny is entered here and is not counted again under larceny.

6. *Larceny—theft (except auto theft).*—(a) Fifty dollars and over in value. (b) Under $50 in value—includes in one of the above subclassifications, depending upon the value of the property stolen, pocket-picking, purse-snatching, shoplifting, or any stealing of property or thing of value which is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Does not include embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, passing worthless checks, etc.

7. *Auto theft.*—Includes all cases where a motor vehicle is stolen or driven away and abandoned, including the so-called "joy-riding" thefts. Does not include taking for temporary use when actually returned by the taker, or unauthorized use by those having lawful access to the vehicle.

In publishing the data sent in by chiefs of police in different cities, the F B I does not vouch for their accuracy. They are given out as current information which may throw some light on problems of crime and criminal-law enforcement.

In compiling the tables, returns which were apparently incomplete or otherwise defective were excluded.

Extent of Reporting Area.

In the table which follows there is shown the number of police departments from which one or more crime reports have been received during the first 6 months of 1937. Information is presented for the cities divided according to size. The population figures employed are estimates as of July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census for cities with population in excess of 10,000. No estimates were available, however, for those with a smaller number of inhabitants and, accordingly, for them the figures listed in the 1930 decennial census were used.

The growth in the crime-reporting area is evidenced by the following figures for the first 6 months of 1932–37:

Year	Cities	Population	Year	Cities	Population
1932	1, 536	52, 692, 749	1935	1, 949	63, 270, 583
1933	1, 606	54, 208, 740	1936	2, 189	64, 648, 798
1934	1, 645	62, 319, 945	1937	2, 278	65, 241, 398

The foregoing comparison shows that during the first half of 1937 there was an increase of 89 cities as compared with the corresponding period of 1936, the population represented for those cities being 592,600.

In addition to the 2,278 city and village police departments which submitted crime reports during 1937, one or more reports were received during that period from 1,076 sheriffs and State police organizations and from 8 agencies in possessions of the United States. This makes a grand total of 3,362 agencies contributing crime reports during 1937.

Population group	Total number of cities or towns	Cities filing returns		Total population	Population represented in returns	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
Total	983	874	88. 9	60, 281, 688	58, 053, 254	96. 3
1. Cities over 250,000	37	37	100. 0	29, 695, 500	29, 695, 500	100. 0
2. Cities 100,000 to 250,000	57	57	100. 0	7, 850, 312	7, 850, 312	100. 0
3. Cities 50,000 to 100,000	104	101	97. 1	6, 980, 407	6, 773, 170	97. 0
4. Cities 25,000 to 50,000	191	170	89. 0	6, 638, 544	5, 885, 491	88. 7
5. Cities 10,000 to 25,000	594	509	85. 7	9, 116, 925	7, 848, 781	86. 1

NOTE.—The above table does not include 1,404 cities and rural townships aggregating a total population of 7,188,144. The cities included in this figure are those of less than 10,000 population filing returns whereas the rural townships are of varying population groups.

MONTHLY RETURNS

Offenses Known to the Police—Cities Divided According to Population.

In table 32 may be found the number of offenses reported as committed during the first half of 1937 by the police departments of 1,764 cities with a combined population of 52,567,326. The data are also presented in the form of crime rates with the cities divided into six groups according to size, in order that figures for individual communities may be readily compared with average figures for cities of approximately the same size. "Rate per 100,000" means the number of offenses for each 100,000 inhabitants.

Confirming data for prior years, the compilation indicates generally that the larger cities report higher crime rates than the smaller communities. Exclusive of automobile thefts, more than one-half of the crimes reported consisted of larcenies. All larcenies reported, including auto thefts, amounted to 68.4 percent of the crimes represented in table 32. Burglaries accounted for 22.8 percent and robberies for 4.3 percent. The remaining 4.5 percent of crimes consisted of felonious assaults, rapes, manslaughters, and murders. The amount of each type of crime is indicated in the following percentage distribution:

Offense	Rate per 100,000	Percent	Offense	Rate per 100,000	Percent
Total	699. 5	100. 0	Robbery	30. 3	4. 3
			Aggravated assault	22. 6	3. 2
Larceny	370. 8	53. 0	Rape	4. 1	. 6
Burglary	159. 0	22. 8	Murder	3. 0	. 4
Auto theft	107. 4	15. 4	Manslaughter	2. 3	. 3

More detailed information concerning the nature of the criminal act, time and place of commission, and value of property stolen may be found in tables 41, 42, and 43.

Most of the police departments forwarding crime reports to the F B I divided offenses of larceny into two groups, those in which the value of the property stolen was $50 or more, and those in which the value was less than $50. Of the cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants, 83 reported larceny data classified in accordance with the foregoing, and a separate compilation of that information is presented below.

	Larceny—theft	
Population group	$50 and over in value	Under $50 in value
31 cities over 250,000; total population 20,044,300:		
Number of offenses known	10, 347	66, 013
Rate per 100,000	51. 6	329. 3
52 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population 7,229,112:		
Number of offenses known	3, 462	29, 372
Rate per 100,000	47. 9	406. 3

Of the 109,194 larcenies classified according to the value of property stolen, 13,809 (12.6 percent) were cases in which the value of the property exceeded $50.

TABLE 32.—*Offenses known to the police, January to June, inclusive, 1937; number and rates per 100,000, by population groups*

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I								
34 cities over 250,000; total population, 21,943,400:								
Number of offenses known	792	¹ 568	1,111	10,235	4,901	37,419	86,638	28,791
Rate per 100,000	3.6	2.8	5.1	46.6	22.3	170.5	394.8	131.2
GROUP II								
54 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 7,492,812:								
Number of offenses known	225	244	265	2,002	2,305	15,235	34,126	9,328
Rate per 100,000	3.0	3.3	3.5	26.7	30.8	203.3	455.4	124.5
GROUP III								
88 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 5,932,511:								
Number of offenses known	202	118	205	1,411	1,922	10,555	24,886	6,447
Rate per 100,000	3.4	2.0	3.5	23.8	32.4	177.9	419.5	108.7
GROUP IV								
147 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 5,048,062:								
Number of offenses known	100	76	171	812	993	7,907	19,041	4,756
Rate per 100,000	2.0	1.5	3.4	16.1	19.7	156.6	377.2	94.2
GROUP V								
442 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 6,844,269:								
Number of offenses known	122	89	227	833	1,142	7,417	20,018	4,707
Rate per 100,000	1.8	1.3	3.3	12.2	16.7	108.4	292.5	68.8
GROUP VI								
999 cities, under 10,000; total population, 5,306,272:								
Number of offenses known	131	71	171	629	635	5,055	10,223	2,416
Rate per 100,000	2.5	1.3	3.2	11.7	12.0	95.3	192.7	45.5
Total 1,764 cities; total population, 52,567,326:								
Number of offenses known	1,572	¹ 1,166	2,150	15,913	11,898	83,588	194,932	56,445
Rate per 100,000	3.0	2.3	4.1	30.3	22.6	159.0	370.8	107.4

¹ The number of offenses and rate for manslaughter by negligence are based on reports of 32 cities with a total population of 20,215,200.
² The number of offenses and rate for manslaughter by negligence are based on reports of 1,762 cities with a total population of 50,839,126.

Daily Average, Offenses Known to the Police, 1937.

Monthly variations in the number of crimes committed are shown in table 33. The figures are based on reports for the first 6 months of the calendar year 1937 received from the police departments of 88 cities, each with more than 100,000 inhabitants. The compilation shows in general a seasonal increase in the number of offenses against the person during the second quarter of the year and a decrease in the number of crimes against property (robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft) during the same period. When the figures are compared with a similar tabulation for the first half of 1936, it appears that the seasonal increase in crimes against the person was smaller during 1937. However, the amount of seasonal variation in the number of crimes against property was approximately the same during the first half of 1937 as during the first half of 1936.

TABLE 33.—*Daily average, offenses known to the police, 88 cities over 100,000 January to June, inclusive, 1937*

[Total population, 29,436,212, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Month	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
January	5.2	[1] 5.2	6.0	78.6	39.2	301.0	660.4	217.0
February	6.2	5.0	6.8	79.1	36.5	306.6	689.2	224.5
March	5.6	4.7	8.1	73.5	36.4	318.7	680.9	216.9
April	5.1	4.5	8.4	63.6	40.4	287.3	686.9	213.3
May	5.9	3.7	7.5	54.3	42.8	267.6	647.4	198.2
June	5.7	3.9	8.8	57.2	43.4	264.9	640.3	194.7
January to March	5.6	4.9	7.0	77.0	37.4	308.8	676.4	219.3
April to June	5.6	4.0	8.2	58.3	42.2	273.2	658.1	202.0
January to June	5.6	4.5	7.6	67.6	39.8	290.9	667.2	210.6

[1] Daily averages for manslaughter by negligence are based on reports of 86 cities with a total population of 27,708,012.

Daily Average, Offenses Known to the Police, 1931–37.

Annual variations in the amount of crime committed are shown in table 34. The compilation is based on reports for the first 6 months of the calendar years 1931–37 received from the police departments of 67 cities with an aggregate population of 19,003,302.

Table 34 reveals that for all types of crimes represented in the compilation the figures for 1937 were larger than those for 1936. For the group of cities represented, the murder and manslaughter figures showed irregular changes during the 7-year period. For rape, however, the 1937 figure is higher than for all other years except 1934, and the 1937 aggravated assault figure is higher than for all other years except 1933. On the other hand, although the 1937 robbery, burglary, and auto theft figures are in excess of the number of such crimes during 1936, they are lower than the corresponding figures for 1931–35.

The number of larcenies reported for the first half of 1937 by the cities represented was in excess of the number reported for any of the prior years. It is probable that part of the increase in reported larcenies during 1937 has been the result of more complete reporting of minor thefts by local agencies.

The data included in table 34 are also presented in figure 8.

TABLE 34.—*Daily average, offenses known to the police, 67 cities over 100,000, January to June, inclusive, 1931–37*

[Total population, 19,003,302, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Year	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary— breaking or entering	Larceny— theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
Number of offenses known:								
1931	757	602	568	10, 282	4, 821	34, 029	75, 088	45, 328
1932	723	641	588	9, 238	4, 244	36, 383	74, 317	37, 098
1933	729	458	653	8, 763	5, 029	36, 350	78, 729	33, 939
1934	676	584	920	7, 099	4, 681	34, 491	78, 733	30, 727
1935	626	374	782	6, 989	4, 735	35, 423	81, 429	28, 671
1936	569	352	703	5, 524	4, 866	28, 971	72, 244	22, 370
1937	615	485	891	6, 388	4, 916	32, 108	84, 201	24, 422
Daily average:								
1931	4. 2	3. 8	3. 1	56. 8	26. 6	188. 0	414. 9	250. 4
1932	4. 0	3. 5	3. 2	50. 8	23. 3	199. 9	408. 3	203. 8
1933	4. 0	2. 5	3. 6	48. 4	27. 8	200. 8	435. 0	187. 5
1934	3. 7	3. 2	5. 1	39. 2	25. 9	190. 6	435. 0	169. 8
1935	3. 5	2. 1	4. 3	38. 6	26. 2	195. 7	449. 9	158. 4
1936	3. 1	1. 9	3. 9	30. 4	26. 7	159. 2	396. 9	122. 9
1937	3. 4	2. 7	4. 9	35. 3	27. 2	177. 4	465. 2	134. 9

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FIGURE 8.

Offenses Known to the Police—Cities Divided According to Location.

In table 35 there is presented information concerning the number of police departments whose reports were employed in the preparation of figures representing crime rates for the individual States shown in table 36. This information is included here in order to show the number of such contributors divided according to size of city, and it is believed it will be helpful in evaluating the crime data for individual States, since table 32 has indicated that there is a noticeable tendency for the large cities to report higher crime rates than the smaller communities. It should be observed that in several instances the number of records entering into the construction of State rates is quite limited. In some cases the figures for individual States are based on reports from only three to six police departments. Obviously, the crime rates based on such a limited number of records may differ considerably from the figures which would result if reports were available from all urban communities in the State.

In table 36 there are presented the crime rates for individual States, together with figures for nine geographic divisions of the country. The figures in the table represent the number of offenses known to the police expressed in terms of the number per 100.000 inhabitants.

In order to make available comparative crime data for States covering several years, there are presented in table 37 figures for individual States for 1933–36. The proportion of the urban population represented varies among the States. However, in most cases the cities whose reports were used in preparing the tabulation constituted more than 50 percent of the total urban population of the State. In all cases except one the population area represented was more than 30 percent of the total urban population. The crime rates for New York State are based on reports of cities whose combined population was slightly less than 30 percent of the total urban population of the State, but the figures are, nevertheless, included in the table because of the substantial population area represented by the reports available.

For each State represented in table 37 there is shown the number of cities whose reports were used and their combined population. The number of cities represented in table 37 is less than the number represented in tables 35 and 36 because of growth in the reporting area during 1933–36.

No figures are included in table 37 for Georgia, Idaho, Mississippi, New Mexico, South Carolina, and Wyoming, because available reports constituted only a comparatively small portion of the total urban population in each State.

The figures in table 37 represent the number of offenses known to the police expressed in terms of the number per 100,000 inhabitants.

TABLE 35.—*Number of cities in each State included in the tabulation of uniform crime reports, January to June, inclusive, 1937*

Division and State	Over 250,000	100,000 to 250,000	50,000 to 100,000	25,000 to 50,000	10,000 to 25,000	Less than 10,000	Total
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION							
New England:							
166 cities; total population, 5,594,702	2	12	11	25	59	57	166
Middle Atlantic:							
465 cities; total population, 11,104,503	5	11	20	25	120	284	465
East North Central:							
441 cities; total population, 15,579,640	9	10	21	45	100	256	441
West North Central:							
204 cities; total population, 4,447,550	3	4	6	10	51	130	204
South Atlantic:[1]							
117 cities; total population, 4,399,691	3	6	13	14	26	55	117
East South Central:							
54 cities; total population, 1,686,312	3	1	3	3	16	28	54
West South Central:							
101 cities; total population, 3,236,726	3	5	6	8	23	56	101
Mountain:							
66 cities; total population, 1,176,063	1	1	2	6	13	43	66
Pacific:							
150 cities; total population, 5,342,139	5	4	6	11	34	90	150
New England:							
Maine			1	1	6	8	16
New Hampshire			1	2	4	5	12
Vermont				1	1	7	9
Massachusetts	1	8	6	10	35	30	90
Rhode Island	1		2	4	5	4	16
Connecticut		4	1	7	8	3	23
Middle Atlantic:							
New York	2	4	6	9	44	101	166
New Jersey	1	4	5	9	28	59	106
Pennsylvania	2	3	9	7	48	124	193
East North Central:							
Ohio	5	3	4	13	27	76	128
Indiana	1	4	2	7	12	30	56
Illinois	1	1	6	11	31	69	119
Michigan	1	2	7	6	17	56	89
Wisconsin	1			2	8	13	25	49
West North Central:							
Minnesota	1	1			11	50	63
Iowa		1	2	5	5	23	36
Missouri	2		2	2	7	17	30
North Dakota				1	3	5	9
South Dakota				1	5	3	9
Nebraska		1	1		6	13	21
Kansas		1	1	1	14	19	36
South Atlantic:							
Delaware		1				2	3
Maryland	1			2	3	2	8
Virginia		2	1	4	4	9	20
West Virginia			2	1	4	10	17
North Carolina			5	2	8	9	24
South Carolina			2	2	1	3	8
Georgia	1		3	1	3	5	13
Florida		3		2	3	15	23
East South Central:							
Kentucky	1		1	2	5	11	20
Tennessee	1	1			3	8	13
Alabama	1		1		4	8	14
Mississippi			1	1	4	1	7
West South Central:							
Arkansas			1	1	2	9	13
Louisiana	1		1	2	4	6	14
Oklahoma		2		1	6	23	32
Texas	2	3	4	4	11	18	42
Mountain:							
Montana				2	2	4	8
Idaho					1	8	9
Wyoming					2	3	5
Colorado	1		1	1	5	9	17
New Mexico				1	2	3	6
Arizona			1	1		4	6
Utah		1		1		8	10
Nevada					1	4	5
Pacific:							
Washington	1	2		2	8	8	21
Oregon	1			1	4	8	14
California	3	2	6	8	22	74	115

[1] Includes report of District of Columbia.

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166, 465, 441, 204, 117, 54, 101, 66, 150, 16, 12, 9, 90, 16, 23, 166, 106, 193, 128, 56, 119, 89, 49, 63, 36, 30, 9, 9, 21, 36, 3, 8, 20, 17, 24, 8, 13, 23, 20, 13, 14, 7, 13, 14, 32, 42, (then some cut numbers), 8, 9, 5, 17, 6, 6, 10, 5, 8, 21, 8, 14, 74, 115

TABLE 36.—*Number of offenses known to the police per 100,000 inhabitants, January to June, inclusive, 1937, by States*

Division and State	Murder, non-negligent man-slaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggra-vated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION							
New England	0.5	3.9	8.3	6.1	121.5	221.9	88.2
Middle Atlantic	1.6	3.5	16.2	14.6	87.1	166.1	76.6
East North Central	2.2	4.7	40.5	18.4	146.5	361.7	87.2
West North Central	1.9	2.2	22.5	7.6	127.2	381.7	92.5
South Atlantic [1]	8.2	3.9	51.0	77.5	262.3	580.6	135.7
East South Central	10.7	4.0	44.1	74.7	231.5	403.0	120.4
West South Central	7.5	3.5	31.8	39.2	229.8	647.7	94.5
Mountain	2.8	6.1	30.4	11.1	211.2	553.3	156.0
Pacific	2.3	5.4	36.7	12.4	248.3	579.0	232.3
New England:							
Maine	0	4.1	4.1	17.7	142.6	258.0	86.6
New Hampshire	0	7.0	2.8	3.3	64.6	137.7	33.2
Vermont	1.1	4.6	2.3	0	60.3	190.0	38.7
Massachusetts	0.6	4.5	10.5	6.2	121.7	215.2	99.3
Rhode Island	0.3	1.5	4.0	4.5	83.6	205.7	41.4
Connecticut	0.6	2.3	6.3	5.2	155.8	265.5	95.9
Middle Atlantic:							
New York	0.8	4.5	5.8	8.4	78.8	198.5	72.0
New Jersey	1.6	3.1	15.2	26.0	129.5	243.4	78.9
Pennsylvania	2.2	3.1	23.5	13.6	73.9	110.8	78.6
East North Central:							
Ohio	2.6	3.9	45.7	18.7	177.0	470.3	112.8
Indiana	2.9	4.0	33.3	23.5	143.7	405.9	114.6
Illinois	2.4	3.4	56.2	18.8	162.1	200.7	51.1
Michigan	1.4	8.7	26.7	21.3	121.6	492.7	110.0
Wisconsin	0.8	3.4	4.3	3.7	52.4	276.3	60.6
West North Central:							
Minnesota	0.6	0.7	16.1	4.0	111.1	228.4	122.0
Iowa	0.8	1.4	14.2	7.0	152.4	354.5	109.1
Missouri	3.2	3.3	36.2	10.1	132.5	476.7	75.2
North Dakota	1.0	1.0	11.4	7.6	144.4	254.6	83.6
South Dakota	0	2.7	8.1	4.5	85.5	290.5	77.4
Nebraska	1.3	1.1	16.8	6.7	64.0	208.9	96.3
Kansas	2.2	3.6	10.8	8.4	169.4	597.8	73.3
South Atlantic:							
Delaware	4.3	0.9	22.5	20.8	155.8	329.8	104.7
Maryland	3.6	3.0	52.0	3.5	137.3	229.8	121.6
Virginia	9.5	4.9	40.5	105.8	273.5	739.9	113.5
West Virginia	4.9	2.6	28.3	32.2	140.4	407.0	95.0
North Carolina	11.1	4.4	36.2	225.5	243.1	405.5	121.0
South Carolina	4.9	2.4	7.8	61.2	111.3	746.3	68.0
Georgia	14.4	4.1	55.5	49.4	395.1	764.6	138.4
Florida	11.6	1.7	69.3	110.0	427.9	864.2	115.9
East South Central:							
Kentucky	9.0	3.6	40.7	69.4	253.1	494.4	163.9
Tennessee	11.0	4.8	69.7	117.3	208.1	282.2	119.4
Alabama	13.7	3.6	29.2	46.5	230.7	430.6	87.3
Mississippi	6.7	3.7	9.7	26.9	229.8	375.8	42.7
West South Central:							
Arkansas	9.5	3.9	37.5	48.7	219.8	617.5	46.4
Louisiana	7.0	4.1	19.4	47.6	92.2	217.9	58.0
Oklahoma	4.8	4.0	39.1	24.7	233.2	754.4	63.9
Texas	8.5	3.1	33.7	40.0	286.2	789.2	125.4
Mountain:							
Montana	2.5	2.5	24.0	0.8	98.6	559.1	170.6
Idaho	0	5.7	11.3	2.8	176.8	589.8	125.9
Wyoming	1.6	3.3	21.4	3.3	95.6	533.9	74.2
Colorado	3.1	6.6	28.9	11.3	185.0	444.1	107.5
New Mexico	4.4	7.3	21.8	18.9	269.2	790.1	131.0
Arizona	5.3	9.8	58.8	31.2	315.3	753.4	323.3
Utah	1.4	6.6	34.7	8.9	309.7	559.8	192.1
Nevada	4.8	2.4	26.6	7.3	191.2	820.5	259.0
Pacific:							
Washington	1.7	3.0	37.3	9.7	299.8	547.6	155.0
Oregon	0.7	2.7	47.7	8.4	302.9	681.1	153.4
California	2.6	6.1	35.4	13.3	231.9	574.3	256.5

[1] Includes report of District of Columbia.

TABLE 37.—*Number of offenses known to the police per 100,000 inhabitants, January to December, inclusive, 1933-36, by States*

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
Alabama (4 cities; total population, 355,107):							
1933	34.9	2.5	100.0	141.9	681.5	493.7	417.6
1934	40.0	2.0	84.8	115.7	661.8	497.3	329.2
1935	33.2	2.0	77.2	106.7	626.0	446.1	253.7
1936	26.2	3.9	76.6	88.7	567.4	976.0	209.8
Arizona (2 cities; total population, 93,023):							
1933	21.5	9.7	98.9	54.8	573.0	1,649.1	670.8
1934	14.0	6.5	143.0	57.0	541.8	1,958.7	812.7
1935	17.2	18.3	130.1	66.7	690.2	1,494.3	907.3
1936	20.4	20.4	127.9	62.4	581.6	1,404.0	951.4
Arkansas (3 cities; total population, 126,900):							
1933	18.1	1.6	186.8	17.3	542.2	1,111.1	513.8
1934	32.3	6.3	125.3	100.1	468.1	990.5	407.4
1935	15.8	6.3	111.1	104.8	612.3	1,240.3	260.0
1936	11.0	3.2	72.5	110.3	479.9	1,175.7	134.0
California (89 cities; total population, 2,559,840):							
1933	4.1	5.4	89.3	23.5	445.7	1,197.5	427.1
1934	3.9	6.0	51.6	27.2	444.7	1,144.3	390.8
1935	2.9	7.2	45.0	28.0	389.8	1,117.1	390.9
1936	3.0	6.7	51.1	31.6	375.0	1,092.3	385.7
Colorado (13 cities; total population, 456,714):							
1933	5.3	7.0	147.6	15.1	760.7	1,169.7	390.0
1934	5.3	6.3	157.4	19.3	787.4	1,323.4	450.4
1935	6.8	6.1	112.8	22.3	641.8	1,073.5	239.3
1936	7.7	7.7	54.5	18.2	320.1	816.0	214.4
Connecticut (14 cities; total population, 961,253):							
1933	1.1	6.2	22.2	17.9	334.7	689.9	252.6
1934	1.1	6.3	37.1	13.1	367.5	675.7	273.4
1935	1.4	5.0	19.8	12.5	316.0	626.0	221.4
1936	1.2	3.6	16.7	11.2	303.5	591.5	199.7
Delaware (1 city; total population, 106,597):							
1933	9.4	8.4	42.2	64.7	360.2	616.3	213.0
1934	11.3	1.9	27.2	47.8	243.9	703.6	246.7
1935	7.5	1.9	27.2	58.2	293.6	664.2	228.0
1936	6.6	.9	16.9	43.2	235.5	662.3	240.2
Florida (11 cities; total population, 392,829):							
1933	20.9	3.6	96.7	195.0	676.6	1,353.3	307.8
1934	18.6	3.1	104.9	111.5	580.7	1,533.5	265.8
1935	22.4	2.8	80.2	76.6	565.4	1,594.1	222.2
1936	17.6	2.0	62.4	93.4	687.8	1,589.5	191.9
Illinois (64 cities; total population, 4,795,712):							
1933	8.6	4.6	345.5	60.1	537.3	579.7	620.4
1934	8.1	4.9	326.1	50.0	549.7	537.6	322.2
1935	5.8	5.1	233.6	41.7	463.4	515.5	165.0
1936	5.3	5.3	138.1	37.8	351.5	446.2	108.0
Indiana (23 cities; total population, 1,060,742):							
1933	4.8	7.5	103.1	59.9	468.6	1,097.3	368.1
1934	8.6	4.4	101.0	36.1	402.3	1,123.4	379.1
1935	5.4	7.4	81.3	47.5	388.7	1,123.5	323.4
1936	7.1	6.1	67.4	49.0	335.1	856.9	290.4
Iowa (16 cities; total population, 579,639):							
1933	2.8	4.3	71.6	13.5	397.8	815.7	310.4
1934	3.3	3.1	60.6	10.7	392.7	959.6	297.9
1935	3.1	2.9	53.0	8.5	362.3	933.7	258.4
1936	1.4	3.5	52.4	13.5	319.7	836.2	218.2
Kansas (20 cities; total population, 438,457):							
1933	8.2	5.0	131.6	26.2	492.0	1,116.0	308.1
1934	7.5	6.2	111.5	31.7	497.4	1,206.5	231.5
1935	5.5	3.6	95.6	27.4	447.3	1,337.4	185.9
1936	3.2	4.3	67.3	23.7	410.8	1,178.5	138.7
Kentucky (6 cities; total population, 468,429):							
1933	19.6	5.6	156.3	219.5	581.1	1,065.9	294.0
1934	17.7	4.5	177.6	210.1	774.1	1,330.6	350.3
1935	12.8	3.4	148.2	188.7	675.4	1,242.5	307.0
1936	13.2	6.2	125.3	163.3	637.9	1,156.4	282.2

TABLE 37.—*Number of offenses known to the police per 100,000 inhabitants, January to December, inclusive, 1933–36, by States*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
Louisiana (6 cities; total population, 652,000):							
1933	13.8	3.7	58.3	45.6	301.4	457.4	228.5
1934	14.6	2.3	52.0	60.0	257.4	530.7	209.2
1935	16.3	2.3	45.4	113.3	227.8	541.6	171.0
1936	18.3	3.5	43.1	117.0	239.4	500.9	162.6
Maine (13 cities; total population, 169,216):							
1933	1.8	4.1	12.4	22.5	146.0	322.1	112.9
1934	.0	.6	11.2	21.9	155.4	355.2	128.2
1935	1.8	3.5	18.9	26.6	198.6	402.4	168.4
1936	1.8	5.9	16.5	10.6	185.6	424.3	126.5
Maryland (4 cities; total population, 893,688):							
1933	5.8	9.7	64.4	5.7	267.9	463.4	329.5
1934	5.7	9.0	60.8	6.6	249.1	450.0	298.0
1935	4.9	6.5	40.5	4.0	241.0	480.6	304.8
1936	7.5	9.5	67.2	4.6	247.6	454.9	252.9
Massachusetts (68 cities; total population, 3,019,976):							
1933	2.2	6.2	33.2	15.7	313.1	572.8	333.5
1934	1.5	8.9	33.6	13.1	285.7	514.9	307.4
1935	1.3	8.7	23.2	13.3	286.6	445.0	266.0
1936	1.0	7.2	16.3	10.9	243.7	440.8	214.2
Michigan (89 cities; total population, 3,323,857):							
1933	3.4	11.7	77.7	32.9	274.0	1,162.3	211.8
1934	2.9	10.3	54.6	41.6	251.7	1,056.1	211.7
1935	3.2	16.4	48.1	41.2	230.8	947.6	198.4
1936	2.9	16.8	56.2	37.8	221.2	913.2	190.8
Minnesota (30 cities; total population, 1,071,625):							
1933	2.6	1.7	88.1	11.7	395.1	453.7	493.2
1934	3.2	3.0	97.2	8.1	403.2	467.4	442.7
1935	1.7	2.2	72.6	16.5	380.7	470.9	372.2
1936	1.3	4.7	55.0	14.1	343.1	481.8	287.1
Missouri (18 cities; total population, 1,170,873):							
1933	11.7	7.9	149.7	39.3	352.0	1,139.7	360.0
1934	10.4	11.6	94.4	37.3	303.1	1,090.5	281.2
1935	6.9	10.2	79.0	34.2	309.0	1,139.5	236.7
1936	7.2	6.0	56.9	36.5	274.6	1,194.9	178.2
Montana (6 cities; total population, 70,998):							
1933	2.8	5.6	57.7	9.9	314.1	1,624.0	187.3
1934	4.2	7.0	53.5	8.5	357.8	1,770.5	135.2
1935	8.5	7.0	36.6	22.5	143.7	1,521.2	100.0
1936	2.8	26.8	62.0	36.6	235.2	1,631.0	166.2
Nebraska (12 cities; total population, 402,626):							
1933	4.0	1.0	64.6	40.2	206.3	759.5	509.8
1934	7.0	3.2	51.4	20.1	197.5	713.6	475.4
1935	6.5	2.0	57.6	15.9	220.8	588.1	457.7
1936	4.2	1.2	36.8	15.9	142.8	449.3	262.5
Nevada (3 cities; total population, 33,765):							
1933	14.8	.0	77.0	68.1	778.9	1,928.0	459.1
1934	5.9	14.8	80.0	11.8	746.3	1,907.3	749.3
1935	20.7	8.9	91.8	11.8	693.0	2,621.1	1,039.5
1936	14.8	11.8	68.1	35.5	621.9	1,705.9	562.7
New Hampshire (6 cities; total population, 154,814):							
1933	.6	5.8	8.4	5.2	170.5	309.4	107.9
1934	1.9	7.1	8.4	7.1	162.8	292.6	102.1
1935	.0	9.7	5.2	7.1	154.4	352.7	50.4
1936	.6	7.8	5.2	2.6	171.8	314.6	42.0
New Jersey (74 cities; total population, 1,580,182):							
1933	5.6	5.3	69.2	74.7	437.0	444.1	245.7
1934	3.6	4.3	60.4	54.1	433.1	470.8	237.0
1935	4.6	4.4	38.7	47.8	338.7	496.8	200.4
1936	3.8	5.4	25.8	48.2	225.2	464.4	162.1
New York (113 cities; total population, 2,579,293):							
1933	1.7	5.3	16.9	23.5	224.1	462.1	125.7
1934	2.0	6.8	14.0	23.3	213.7	482.1	155.9
1935	2.4	5.1	12.5	16.8	224.8	456.8	150.7
1936	2.0	6.2	9.7	18.2	174.9	422.1	129.8

TABLE 37.—*Number of offenses known to the police per 100,000 inhabitants, January to December, inclusive, 1933–36, by States*—Continued

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
North Carolina (15 cities; total population, 465,961):							
1933	21.9	7.3	65.5	560.8	479.7	847.9	352.2
1934	28.5	5.4	77.5	591.5	485.9	848.4	310.8
1935	18.9	6.9	67.8	529.0	476.4	810.8	290.6
1936	27.5	8.8	64.2	546.6	452.0	731.6	270.6
North Dakota (8 cities; total population, 100,143):							
1933	3.0	3.0	54.9	3.0	405.4	644.1	172.8
1934	2.0	5.0	78.9	6.0	348.5	560.2	215.7
1935	1.0	7.0	98.9	7.0	350.5	801.9	171.8
1936	4.0	7.0	34.0	8.0	307.6	549.2	136.8
Ohio (89 cities; total population, 3,848,282):							
1933	7.9	4.4	98.9	43.6	329.2	912.0	238.8
1934	7.6	4.6	97.2	49.4	352.3	914.2	258.2
1935	7.3	4.7	97.1	41.3	367.2	951.8	216.5
1936	6.8	5.6	83.9	39.4	324.1	864.9	202.9
Oklahoma (18 cities; total population, 551,722):							
1933	10.5	3.6	137.0	43.1	574.0	1,183.0	316.3
1934	10.2	7.4	104.9	52.2	641.1	1,239.9	278.0
1935	8.3	5.3	113.8	43.0	637.1	1,326.4	201.7
1936	9.2	5.4	82.7	52.2	455.8	1,450.9	120.4
Oregon (10 cities; total population, 424,392):							
1933	1.9	1.6	145.6	14.1	854.6	1,502.9	313.6
1934	3.3	3.3	167.3	17.4	838.4	1,644.2	337.0
1935	2.6	3.3	95.2	17.0	723.6	1,531.1	307.5
1936	1.6	3.3	104.6	14.1	642.6	1,450.5	278.0
Pennsylvania (85 cities; total population, 4,588,351):							
1933	4.9	5.0	54.4	35.1	168.7	220.8	160.2
1934	4.0	5.3	45.0	33.1	161.0	228.9	172.4
1935	4.3	6.4	44.7	31.3	168.3	224.3	152.8
1936	4.2	7.5	50.9	35.3	153.3	216.5	161.4
Rhode Island (11 cities; total population, 496,086):							
1933	1.2	.0	7.9	19.1	236.0	702.5	123.4
1934	.6	.4	6.0	30.2	268.1	793.2	95.5
1935	1.8	1.0	7.5	11.3	220.1	618.6	89.5
1936	.6	1.4	8.1	9.5	160.7	477.3	87.7
South Dakota (7 cities; total population, 101,633):							
1933	3.0	6.9	84.6	3.0	302.1	712.4	243.0
1934	4.9	2.0	74.8	12.8	302.1	723.2	291.2
1935	3.0	12.8	73.8	5.9	210.6	549.0	193.8
1936	3.0	15.7	36.4	3.9	214.5	652.3	272.5
Tennessee (6 cities; total population, 554,648):							
1933	27.0	3.8	142.3	278.4	468.4	380.6	306.0
1934	30.7	5.2	157.4	239.6	507.5	373.4	334.6
1935	30.3	6.1	162.3	212.2	452.2	410.9	358.4
1936	26.1	5.0	147.3	221.0	418.5	559.1	287.4
Texas (22 cities; total population, 1,584,559):							
1933	18.9	7.4	90.4	86.7	647.7	1,435.9	529.5
1934	16.3	6.3	88.5	100.8	602.9	1,611.4	551.6
1935	14.6	5.8	72.1	89.3	544.6	1,556.8	404.3
1936	20.1	7.3	68.0	92.1	534.5	1,544.2	304.7
Utah (8 cities; total population, 229,473):							
1933	3.5	2.2	82.4	14.4	592.7	874.2	460.6
1934	2.2	5.2	85.8	29.6	589.6	1,071.6	450.6
1935	3.5	9.2	78.0	19.6	436.2	1,076.4	393.5
1936	5.2	6.1	52.7	19.6	556.9	1,082.0	373.5
Vermont (7 cities; total population, 62,846):							
1933	.0	.0	.0	11.1	60.5	55.7	22.3
1934	1.6	1.6	.0	9.5	60.5	155.9	38.2
1935	.0	4.8	12.7	1.6	71.6	108.2	82.7
1936	3.2	9.5	20.7	1.6	87.5	176.6	60.5
Virginia (20 cities; total population, 649,845):							
1933	15.2	12.0	70.8	193.9	494.6	1,307.7	276.1
1934	21.9	11.1	71.2	272.7	527.8	1,381.1	282.7
1935	15.4	14.2	83.9	271.9	520.9	1,609.6	287.0
1936	18.6	13.1	78.2	260.8	531.2	1,589.1	263.4

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
Washington (14 cities; total population, 413,876):							
1933	3.9	1.4	83.4	26.1	601.1	1,604.8	394.1
1934	3.9	2.9	81.7	36.7	673.4	1,702.7	454.2
1935	2.4	3.4	51.9	43.7	521.9	1,572.7	357.6
1936	2.4	2.9	42.3	21.3	453.5	1,313.0	287.3
West Virginia (7 cities; total population, 225,152):							
1933	8.9	6.2	75.5	46.6	286.0	660.9	290.5
1934	9.8	4.9	64.4	66.6	310.9	659.1	265.2
1935	8.9	5.3	50.2	65.7	411.3	803.9	210.5
1936	8.0	8.0	49.3	82.6	319.3	710.6	177.7
Wisconsin (34 cities; total population, 742,933):							
1933	.8	4.8	20.2	7.7	201.6	565.2	128.3
1934	1.2	4.2	15.1	5.4	165.8	584.0	133.8
1935	.9	4.4	17.2	6.5	161.9	564.3	119.3
1936	.9	5.5	17.9	3.6	166.2	534.4	121.0

Data for Individual Cities With More Than 100,000 Inhabitants.

The number of offenses reported as having been committed during the second quarter of 1937 is shown in table 38. The compilation has been limited to the reports received from police departments in cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants. Such data are included here in order that interested individuals and organizations may have readily available up-to-date information concerning the amount of crime committed in their communities. Police administrators and other interested individuals will probably find it desirable to compare the crime rates of their cities with the average rates shown in table 32 of this publication. Similarly, they will doubtless desire to make comparisons with the figures for their communities for prior periods, in order to determine whether there has been an increase or a decrease in the amount of crime committed.

With reference to the possibility of comparing the amount of crime in one city with the amount of reported crime in other individual communities, it is suggested that such comparisons be made with a great deal of caution, because differences in the figures may be due to a great variety of factors. The amount of crime committed in a community is not chargeable to the police but is rather a charge against the entire community. The following is a list of some of the factors which might affect the amount of crime in a community: The composition of the population with reference particularly to age, sex, and race; the economic status and activities of the population; climate; educational, recreational, and religious facilities; the number of police employees per unit of population; the standards governing appointments to the police force; the policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts; the attitude of the public toward law-enforcement problems. Comparisons between the crime rates of individual cities should not be made without giving consideration to the above-mentioned factors. It should be noted that it is more important to determine whether the figures for a given community show increases or decreases in the amount of crime committed than to ascertain

whether the figures are above or below those of some other community.

In examining a compilation of crime figures for individual communities it should be borne in mind that in view of the fact that the data are compiled by different record departments operating under separate and distinct administrative systems, it is entirely possible that there may be variations in the practices employed in classifying complaints of offenses. On the other hand, the crime reporting manual has been distributed to all contributors of crime reports and the figures received are included in this bulletin only if they apparently have been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the manual, and the individual department has so indicated.

TABLE 38.—*Number of offenses known to the police, April to June, inclusive, 1937, cities over 100,000 in population*

City	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
						$50 and over	Under $50	
Akron, Ohio	1	9	37	34	268	62	376	106
Albany, N. Y		8	9	5	72	28	173	49
Atlanta, Ga	24	9	101	47	666	125	926	238
Baltimore, Md	21	12	230	3	575	168	681	507
Birmingham, Ala	19	2	39	35	400	93	524	154
Boston, Mass	2	26	57	35	312	210	659	709
Bridgeport, Conn			3	1	77	30	130	105
Buffalo, N. Y	3	19	24	55	153	99	562	233
Cambridge, Mass			9	3	102	24	136	100
Camden, N. J		8	5	40	32	59	64	35
Canton, Ohio	1	2	20	13	122	(1)	275	55
Chattanooga, Tenn	5		23	(2)	101	26	250	64
Chicago, Ill	51	74	986	410	2,896	680	2,820	773
Cincinnati, Ohio	16	25	146	123	584	254	1,522	300
Cleveland, Ohio	15	13	321	64	615	80	2,615	506
Columbus, Ohio	8	7	85	30	474	165	891	208
Dallas, Tex	23	7	37	58	427	32	1,557	202
Dayton, Ohio	4	5	32	37	177	35	653	141
Denver, Colo	1	12	20	17	279	106	192	140
Des Moines, Iowa		1	14	5	222	13	510	159
Detroit, Mich	18	100	251	225	900	211	4,890	1,038
Duluth, Minn	1		6		28	48	227	75
Elizabeth, N. J		3	3	11	83	18	162	46
El Paso, Tex	2		10	23	117	11	210	62
Erie, Pa		1	5	2	61	16	67	81
Evansville, Ind		4	7	6	46	8	286	85
Fall River, Mass		1	3	1	137	9	88	37
Flint, Mich	1	18	28	48	146	59	508	119
Fort Wayne, Ind			8		81	36	433	112
Fort Worth, Tex	6	2	14	7	301	13	655	44
Gary, Ind	5	2	36	36	52	14	88	56
Grand Rapids, Mich		1	8	3	167	16	505	72
Hartford, Conn	1		3	17	184	37	344	103
Houston, Tex	17	7	92	78	470	77	1,165	254
Indianapolis, Ind	7	9	72	64	382	154	1,038	281
Jacksonville, Fla	8	2	38	52	247	99	587	86
Kansas City, Mo	8	9	117	17	303	(1)	542	152
Knoxville, Tenn	10		7	(2)	131	28	124	51
Long Beach, Calif		4	17	11	281	45	460	153
Los Angeles, Calif	21	66	317	104	1,766	802	2,355	2,322
Louisville, Ky	16	8	88	169	552	168	1,027	388
Lowell, Mass		3	3	3	64	7	86	28
Lynn, Mass		4	6	3	96	18	243	25
Memphis, Tenn	10	5	75	214	229	20	199	103
Miami, Fla	8		78	176	418	90	298	80
Milwaukee, Wis	4	23	9	20	107	62	1,071	183
Minneapolis, Minn	1	4	41	14	372	133	628	361
Nashville, Tenn	14	3	59	104	148	(1)	308	166
Newark, N. J	8	2	45	132	233	99	843	357
New Bedford, Mass		6	3	5	91	27	210	52
New Haven, Conn		1	4	3	208	34	260	101
New Orleans, La	18	16	31	66	107	50	162	114
New York, N. Y	87	209	303	740	752	(2)	(2)	1,924

[1] Larcenies not separately reported. Figure listed includes both major and minor larcenies.
[2] Not reported.

TABLE 38.—*Number of offenses known to the police, April to June, inclusive, 1937, cities over 100,000 in population*—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Rape | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | | Auto theft |
						$50 and over	Under $50	
Norfolk, Va	9	1	27	38	191	12	331	96
Oakland, Calif	9	7	49	34	358	51	822	164
Oklahoma City, Okla	1	2	35	42	232	27	501	39
Omaha, Nebr		2	16	14	20	7	140	191
Paterson, N. J	1	1	11	8	133	7	63	48
Peoria, Ill		4	4	14	69	7	42	85
Philadelphia, Pa	31	41	129	244	500	193	566	548
Pittsburgh, Pa	15	21	411	34	494	194	459	564
Portland, Oreg	1	4	86	14	459	162	975	289
Providence, R. I		1	2	8	136	20	192	42
Reading, Pa		7	3	4	94	30	100	24
Richmond, Va	10	8	72	179	323	102	984	95
Rochester, N. Y	1	4	1	11	165	35	378	123
St. Louis, Mo	12	13	94	42	431	(¹)	2,609	293
St. Paul, Minn	1	6	32	10	240	54	440	152
Salt Lake City, Utah	1	4	27	7	246	19	355	139
San Antonio, Tex	9	7	58	72	388	139	628	208
San Diego, Calif	2	9	14	5	70	16	232	126
San Francisco, Calif	10	4	85	49	449	(¹)	1,983	1,087
Scranton, Pa		4	6	6	59	14	102	58
Seattle, Wash	5	7	72	7	659	95	806	348
Somerville, Mass			5		30	11	49	39
South Bend, Ind			12		53	21	70	33
Spokane, Wash	1	2	23	26	161	67	478	66
Springfield, Mass				7	92	20	264	52
Syracuse, N. Y		9	2	3	79	19	217	130
Tacoma, Wash	1		16	3	151	15	201	70
Tampa, Fla	1		2	16	86	28	111	16
Toledo, Ohio	4	8	41	27	295	119	729	293
Trenton, N. J		1	10	21	119	33	195	59
Tulsa, Okla	5		43	13	205	68	487	82
Utica, N. Y		2		1	40	16	159	51
Washington, D. C	10	23	213	172	766	344	1,625	655
Waterbury, Conn		1			44	21	55	79
Wichita, Kans	2		3	1	95	10	516	33
Wilmington, Del	2	1	18	13	81	39	142	42
Worcester, Mass		4	7	11	127	56	67	151
Yonkers, N. Y	1	1	1	6	33	2	91	45
Youngstown, Ohio	3	1	56	60	97	14	252	159

¹ Larcenies not separately reported. Figure listed includes both major and minor larcenies.

Offenses Known to Sheriffs, State Police, and Other Rural Officers, 1937.

Available data concerning the amount of crime committed in rural portions of the United States are presented in table 39. As indicated, the tabulation is based on reports received from 407 sheriffs, 5 State police units, and 88 police agencies in villages (places with less than 2,500 inhabitants). For comparative purposes the following tabulation indicates the percentage distribution of urban and rural crimes:

| Offense | Percent | | Offense | Percent | |
	Urban	Rural		Urban	Rural
Total	100.0	100.0	Robbery	4.3	4.1
			Aggravated assault	3.2	6.1
Larceny	53.0	45.5	Rape	.6	2.3
Burglary	22.8	29.8	Murder	.4	1.4
Auto theft	15.4	9.0	Manslaughter	.3	1.8

The above figures represent an average group of 100 urban crimes and an average group of 100 rural crimes, and show for each group how many were larcenies, burglaries, etc. The above compilation discloses that 11.6 percent of the rural crimes reported consisted of offenses against the person (homicide, rape, and aggravated assault), whereas 4.5 percent of the urban crimes were of those types. Part of the difference in the proportion of reported crimes against the person may be due to the fact that some of the reports representing rural crimes indicate the possibility that they were limited to instances in which arrests were made. Incompleteness of that type in the reports of rural crimes would naturally tend to increase the percentage of reported crimes against the person, in view of the fact that such offenses are more generally followed by arrests than are offenses against property.

TABLE 39.—*Offenses known, January to June, 1937, inclusive, as reported by 407 sheriffs, 5 State police organizations, and 88 village officers*

	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
Offenses known.....	325	435	569	989	1,457	7,161	10,943	2,164

Offenses Known in the Possessions of the United States.

In table 40 there are shown available data concerning the number of offenses known to law-enforcement agencies in the possessions of the United States. The tabulation includes reports from Honolulu (city and county); the Canal Zone; and Puerto Rico. The figures are based on both urban and rural areas and the population figures from the 1930 decennial census are indicated in the table.

TABLE 40.—*Number of offenses known in United States possessions, January to June, 1937*

[Population figures from Federal Census, Apr. 1, 1930]

Jurisdiction reporting	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					Over $50	Under $50	
Hawaii: Honolulu, city and county, population, 202,923; number of offenses known....	7	4	6	8	19	489	62	876	136
Isthmus of Panama: Canal Zone, population, 39,367; number of offenses known.............	1	2	....	2	8	34	8	126	10
Puerto Rico: Population, 1,543,913; number of offenses known......	121	65	36	22	943	423	47	1,724	19

With reference to the figures presented for the Canal Zone, it should be noted that the Federal Bureau of Investigation has been advised that less than one-third of the persons arrested for offenses committed in the Canal Zone are residents thereof. It appears, therefore, that a large proportion of the crime committed in the Canal Zone is attributable to transients and other nonresidents.

Data From Supplementary Offense Reports.

In tables 41–43 are presented the more detailed data compiled from supplementary offense reports received from 159 police departments in cities with a combined population of 20,313,143. The tables cover the second quarter of 1937.

Table 41 reveals that more than one-half of the rapes reported were forcible in nature. The data for robbery disclose that 60 percent (1,919) of such crimes were committed on city highways and that 28 percent (881) were robberies of various types of commercial establishments.

The cities represented in table 41 reported 15,736 burglaries, almost one-half of which were committed in residences. Of the total burglaries reported, 78 percent (12,326) were committed at night, and 22 percent during the day. However, the compilation shows that 35 percent of the residence burglaries occurred during the daytime.

The larcenies reported numbered 35,832. There were 4,037 (11.3 percent) in which the value of the property stolen was $50 or more; 23,516 (65.6 percent) involving property valued at $5 to $50; and 8,279 (23.1 percent) in which the value of the property stolen was less than $5 per offense. With reference to the type of theft committed, the compilation shows that there were 571 cases of pocket-picking (1.6 percent) and 836 offenses of purse-snatching (2.3 percent).

TABLE 41.—*Number of known offenses with divisions as to the nature of the criminal act, time and place of commission, and value of property stolen, April to June, 1937, inclusive; 159 cities over 25,000*

[Total population, 20,313,143, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Classification	Number of actual offenses	Classification	Number of actual offenses
Rape:		Larceny—theft (except auto theft) (grouped according to value of article stolen):	
Forcible	241	Over $50	4,037
Statutory	213	$5 to $50	23,516
		Under $5	8,279
Total	454		
		Total	35,832
Robbery:			
Highway	1,919	Larceny—theft (grouped as to type of offense):	
Commercial house	620		
Oil station	210	Pocket-picking	571
Chain store	49	Purse-snatching	836
Residence	185	All other	34,425
Bank	2		
Miscellaneous	191		
Total	3,176	Total	35,832
Burglary—breaking or entering:			
Residence (dwelling):			
Committed during night	4,945		
Committed during day	2,644		
All other (store, office, etc.):			
Committed during night	7,381		
Committed during day	766		
Total	15,736		

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The police departments of 159 cities reported thefts of 9,332 automobiles during the second quarter of 1937. As indicated in table 42, 8,810 (94.4 percent) of the automobiles were recovered.

TABLE 42.—*Recoveries of stolen automobiles, April to June, inclusive, 1937; 159 cities over 25,000*

[Total population, 20,313,143, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Number of automobiles stolen _____ 9, 332
Number of automobiles recovered _____ 8, 810
Percentage recovered _____ 94. 4

The value of property stolen in connection with offenses of robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft is shown in table 43 as amounting to $5,571,169.99. Recoveries totaled $3,726,565.62, which is 66.9 percent of the amount stolen. More than one-half of the value of stolen property consisted of automobiles. Exclusive of automobiles, the value of stolen property was $2,216,997.24 and the value of recovered property was $574,554.94 (26 percent).

The data in table 43 are also shown in figure 9.

TABLE 43.—*Value of property stolen and value of property recovered with divisions as to type of property involved, April to June, inclusive, 1937; 159 cities over 25,000*

[Total population, 20,313,143, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Type of property	Value of property stolen	Value of property recovered	Percent recovered
Currency, notes, etc.	$619, 952.88	$89, 111.62	14.4
Jewelry and precious metals	506, 741.53	154, 141.34	30.4
Furs	60, 329.72	8, 980.25	14.9
Clothing	258, 790.38	61, 345.09	23.7
Locally stolen automobiles	3, 354, 172.75	3, 152, 010.68	94.0
Miscellaneous	771, 182.73	260, 976.64	33.8
Total	5, 571, 169.99	3, 726, 565.62	66.9

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED

(AUTOMOBILES NOT INCLUDED)

APRIL 1 TO JUNE 30, 1937

BASED ON REPORTS OF 159 CITIES

POPULATION, 20,313,143

FIGURE 9.

72

Relation Between Average Crime Rates and Average Number of Police Employees.

In table 44 there is shown the relation between average crime rates and the average number of police employees based on data received for 1936 from the police departments of 93 cities, each with more than 100,000 inhabitants. The tabulation discloses that cities having the larger number of police employees in comparison with the population area policed generally have the lower crime rates.

The figures presented in table 44 represent the averages of the individual rates (both crime rates and police personnel rates) for the several cities.

The number of police employees per 1,000 inhabitants for the cities represented varies from 2.9 to 0.7. The compilation shows that 19 cities having an average of 2.3 police employees per 1,000 inhabitants had 5.1 murders during 1936 for each 100,000 of population, whereas 25 cities having an average of 0.9 police employees per 1,000 inhabitants had 9.7 murders reported for each 100,000 of population. In addition, those cities having an average of 2.3 police employees per 1,000 inhabitants had 50 robberies and 324 burglaries reported for each 100,000 of population, as compared with 83 robberies and 467 burglaries reported by cities with an average of only 0.9 police employees per 1,000 inhabitants. Although there are exceptions, a similar trend is shown for other types of offenses.

The cities designated in table 44 as group IV reported 90 percent more murders, 67 percent more robberies, 63 percent more aggravated assaults, 44 percent more burglaries, and 47 percent more larcenies than the cities designated as group I. On the other hand, an exception to the general trend is shown in the auto theft figures.

Part of the information included in table 44 is also presented in figure 10. Information concerning the number of police employees in individual cities may be found in table 46.

TABLE 44.—*Relation between average crime rates and average number of police employees, cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants, 1936*

Group	Average number of police employees per 1,000 inhabitants	Average number of offenses per 100,000 inhabitants					
		Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
I	2.3	5.1	49.5	36.5	324.4	725.8	289.6
II	1.7	6.3	59.5	56.5	361.0	684.9	240.9
III	1.3	8.7	65.5	57.2	401.8	898.8	274.5
IV	.9	9.7	82.7	59.6	467.3	1,068.2	262.4
I-II	2.0	5.8	53.1	47.9	345.3	702.4	261.8
III-IV	1.1	9.2	74.1	58.4	434.6	983.5	268.5

All cities represented in the above tabulation have populations in excess of 100,000. The arrangement into groups was based on the number of police employees per 1,000 inhabitants (descending order).
Group I consists of 19 cities.
Group II consists of 24 cities.
Group III consists of 25 cities.
Group IV consists of 25 cities.
The number of cities varies slightly among the groups, because it was believed desirable that departments having identical police personnel figures be allocated to the same group.

RELATION BETWEEN AVERAGE CRIME RATES AND
AVERAGE NUMBER OF POLICE EMPLOYEES

FIGURE 10.

Number of Police Department Employees, 1936.

The average number of police department employees for cities divided into six groups according to size is shown in table 45. The tabulation is based on monthly reports for the calendar year 1936.

The average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants for cities in group I, as shown in table 45, was obtained by determining the total number of employees in the police departments of the 37 cities represented. The figure was then divided by the total population of those 37 cities. The data for the remaining groups of cities were compiled in a similar manner. Population figures employed were estimates as of July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census for all cities with population in excess of 10,000. No estimates were available, however, for those with a smaller number of inhabitants, and, accordingly, for them the figures listed in the 1930 decennial census were used.

The information appearing in table 45 is also shown in figure 11. Data for individual cities may be found in table 46.

TABLE 45.—*Average number of police department employees, 1936*

Population group	Average number of police employees	Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants
GROUP I		
37 cities over 250,000; total population, 29,695,500	62,775	2.1
GROUP II		
56 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 7,726,812	11,040	1.4
GROUP III		
103 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 6,889,307	8,784	1.3
GROUP IV		
186 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 6,477,121	7,614	1.2
GROUP V		
555 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 8,552,174	8,599	1.0
GROUP VI		
1,223 cities, 2,500 to 10,000; total population, 6,443,161	7,304	1.1

AVERAGE NUMBER OF
POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES—1936

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES PER 1,000 INHABITANTS

37 CITIES — POPULATION OVER 250,000

56 CITIES — POPULATION 100,000 TO 250,000

103 CITIES — POPULATION 50,000 TO 100,000

186 CITIES — POPULATION 25,000 TO 50,000

555 CITIES — POPULATION 10,000 TO 25,000

1,223 CITIES — POPULATION 2500 TO 10,000

FIGURE 11.

2.1

1.4

1.3

1.2

1.0

1.1

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*

CITIES WITH OVER 250,000 INHABITANTS

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Birmingham, Ala.	231	0.8	Newark, N. J.	1,282	2.9
Los Angeles, Calif.	2,667	2.0	Buffalo, N. Y.	1,267	2.2
Oakland, Calif.	377	1.3	New York, N. Y.	18,524	2.6
San Francisco, Calif.	1,362	2.1	Rochester, N. Y.	455	1.4
Denver, Colo.	399	1.4	Akron, Ohio	180	.7
Washington, D. C.	1,419	2.9	Cincinnati, Ohio	632	1.4
Atlanta, Ga.	420	1.5	Cleveland, Ohio	1,527	1.7
Chicago, Ill.	6,648	1.9	Columbus, Ohio	277	.9
Indianapolis, Ind.	536	1.4	Toledo, Ohio	376	1.3
Louisville, Ky.	424	1.3	Portland, Oreg.	419	1.4
New Orleans, La.	848	1.8	Philadelphia, Pa.	5,264	2.7
Baltimore, Md.	1,897	2.3	Pittsburgh, Pa.	1,122	1.7
Boston, Mass.	2,299	2.9	Providence, R. I.	547	2.1
Detroit, Mich.	3,862	2.3	Memphis, Tenn.	275	1.1
Minneapolis, Minn.	500	1.0	Dallas, Tex.	308	1.1
St. Paul, Minn.	320	1.2	Houston, Tex.	375	1.2
Kansas City, Mo.	677	1.6	Seattle, Wash.	561	1.5
St. Louis, Mo.	2,318	2.8	Milwaukee, Wis.	1,163	1.9
Jersey City, N. J.	1,017	3.2			

CITIES WITH 100,000 TO 250,000 INHABITANTS

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Long Beach, Calif.	195	1.2	Duluth, Minn.	130	1.3
San Diego, Calif.	226	1.4	Omaha, Nebr.	275	1.3
Bridgeport, Conn.	251	1.7	Camden, N. J.	187	1.6
Hartford, Conn.	415	2.5	Elizabeth, N. J.	204	1.7
New Haven, Conn.	401	2.5	Paterson, N. J.	270	1.9
Waterbury, Conn.	185	1.8	Trenton, N. J.	226	1.8
Wilmington, Del.	150	1.4	Albany, N. Y.	366	2.8
Jacksonville, Fla.	186	1.3	Syracuse, N. Y.	332	1.5
Miami, Fla.	224	2.1	Utica, N. Y.	168	1.6
Tampa, Fla.	111	1.0	Yonkers, N. Y.	287	2.0
Peoria, Ill.	135	1.2	Canton, Ohio	74	.7
Evansville, Ind.	145	1.4	Dayton, Ohio	191	.9
Fort Wayne, Ind.	124	1.0	Youngstown, Ohio	169	1.0
Gary, Ind.	130	1.2	Oklahoma City, Okla.	229	1.1
South Bend, Ind.	98	.9	Tulsa, Okla.	137	.9
Des Moines, Iowa	151	1.0	Erie, Pa.	116	1.0
Kansas City, Kans.	111	.9	Reading, Pa.	158	1.4
Wichita, Kans.	116	1.0	Scranton, Pa.	174	1.2
Cambridge, Mass.	217	1.9	Knoxville, Tenn.	153	1.4
Fall River, Mass.	196	1.7	Nashville, Tenn.	200	1.3
Lowell, Mass.	165	1.6	El Paso, Tex.	88	.6
Lynn, Mass.	173	1.7	Fort Worth, Tex.	217	1.3
New Bedford, Mass.	217	1.9	San Antonio, Tex.	220	.9
Somerville, Mass.	157	1.5	Salt Lake City, Utah	155	1.1
Springfield, Mass.	318	2.1	Norfolk, Va.	243	1.9
Worcester, Mass.	400	2.0	Richmond, Va.	284	1.5
Flint, Mich.	150	.9	Spokane, Wash.	132	1.1
Grand Rapids, Mich.	199	1.2	Tacoma, Wash.	109	1.0

CITIES WITH 50,000 TO 100,000 INHABITANTS

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Mobile, Ala.	102	1.4	Oak Park, Ill.	74	1.1
Montgomery, Ala.	110	1.6	Rockford, Ill.	87	1.0
Phoenix, Ariz.	82	1.6	Springfield, Ill.	91	1.2
Little Rock, Ark.	83	1.0	East Chicago, Ind.	68	1.2
Berkeley, Calif.	70	.8	Hammond, Ind.	75	1.1
Fresno, Calif.	73	1.4	Terre Haute, Ind.	76	1.2
Glendale, Calif.	70	1.0	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	58	1.0
Pasadena, Calif.	101	1.2	Davenport, Iowa	65	1.1
Sacramento, Calif.	124	1.3	Sioux City, Iowa	91	1.1
San Jose, Calif.	52	.9	Topeka, Kans.	65	1.0
Pueblo, Colo.	45	.9	Covington, Ky.	62	.9
New Britain, Conn.	87	1.3	Shreveport, La.	72	.9
Augusta, Ga.	104	1.7	Portland, Maine	123	1.7
Macon, Ga.	74	1.4	Brockton, Mass.	101	1.6
Savannah, Ga.	155	1.8	Holyoke, Mass.	94	1.7
Berwyn, Ill.	38	.7	Lawrence, Mass.	136	1.6
Cicero, Ill.	69	1.0	Malden, Mass.	110	1.8
Decatur, Ill.	45	.8	Medford, Mass.	86	1.4
East St. Louis, Ill.	60	.8	Newton, Mass.	130	1.9
Evanston, Ill.	90	1.3	Pittsfield, Mass.	58	1.1

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*—Continued

CITIES WITH 50,000 TO 100,000 INHABITANTS—Continued

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Quincy, Mass	142	1.9	Cleveland Heights, Ohio	52	0.9
Dearborn, Mich	115	2.0	Hamilton, Ohio	41	.8
Hamtramck, Mich	94	1.6	Lakewood, Ohio	60	.8
Highland Park, Mich	97	1.8	Springfield, Ohio	51	.7
Jackson, Mich	57	1.0	Allentown, Pa	100	1.0
Kalamazoo, Mich	85	1.5	Altoona, Pa	64	.8
Lansing, Mich	78	1.0	Bethlehem Borough, Pa	56	1.0
Pontiac, Mich	59	.8	Chester, Pa	51	.9
Saginaw, Mich	67	.8	Harrisburg, Pa	118	1.5
Jackson, Miss	41	.8	Johnstown, Pa	58	.9
St. Joseph, Mo	107	1.3	Lancaster, Pa	53	.9
Springfield, Mo	55	.9	McKeesport, Pa	57	1.0
Lincoln, Nebr	64	.8	Upper Darby Township, Pa	87	1.6
Manchester, N. H	114	1.5	Wilkes-Barre, Pa	98	1.1
Atlantic City, N. J	214	3.1	York, Pa	52	.9
Clifton, N. J	52	1.0	Pawtucket, R. I	130	1.6
East Orange, N. J	109	1.5	Woonsocket, R. I	78	1.5
Hoboken, N. J	175	3.0	Charleston, S. C	141	2.3
Irvington, N. J	62	1.0	Columbia, S. C	80	1.5
Passaic, N. J	104	1.7	Austin, Tex	63	1.1
Union City, N. J	118	2.0	Beaumont, Tex	54	.9
Binghamton, N. Y	115	1.5	Galveston, Tex	71	1.3
Mount Vernon, N. Y	128	2.0	Port Arthur, Tex	18	.3
New Rochelle, N. Y	142	2.5	Waco, Tex	54	1.0
Niagara Falls, N. Y	115	1.5	Roanoke, Va	86	1.2
Schenectady, N. Y	175	1.8	Charleston, W. Va	65	1.0
Troy, N. Y	181	2.5	Huntington, W. Va	66	.8
Asheville, N. C	60	1.1	Wheeling, W. Va	72	1.2
Charlotte, N. C	102	1.2	Kenosha, Wis	70	1.4
Durham, N. C	62	1.1	Madison, Wis	66	1.1
Greensboro, N. C	65	1.1	Racine, Wis	67	1.0
Winston-Salem, N. C	95	1.2			

CITIES WITH 25,000 TO 50,000 INHABITANTS

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Gadsden, Ala	30	0.9	Waukegan, Ill	22	0.6
Tucson, Ariz	39	1.1	Anderson, Ind	41	1.0
Fort Smith, Ark	22	.7	Elkhart, Ind	37	1.1
Alameda, Calif	36	1.0	Kokomo, Ind	29	.9
Alhambra, Calif	38	1.2	Lafayette, Ind	36	1.3
Bakersfield, Calif	40	1.5	Michigan City, Ind	28	1.0
Huntington Park, Calif	29	1.0	Mishawaka, Ind	25	.8
Inglewood, Calif	20	.8	Muncie, Ind	58	1.2
Riverside, Calif	37	1.2	New Albany, Ind	15	.6
San Bernardino, Calif	33	.8	Richmond, Ind	30	.9
Santa Ana, Calif	33	1.0	Burlington, Iowa	23	.8
Santa Barbara, Calif	41	1.1	Clinton, Iowa	17	.7
Santa Monica, Calif	64	1.6	Council Bluffs, Iowa	26	.6
Stockton, Calif	58	1.2	Dubuque, Iowa	39	.9
Colorado Springs, Colo	35	1.0	Ottumwa, Iowa	16	.6
Bristol, Conn	35	1.2	Waterloo, Iowa	35	.7
Meriden, Conn	110	2.8	Hutchinson, Kans	31	1.1
Middletown, Conn	19	.8	Ashland, Ky	24	.8
New London, Conn	48	1.6	Lexington, Ky	83	1.8
Norwalk, Conn	47	1.3	Newport, Ky	43	1.4
Stamford, Conn	90	1.9	Paducah, Ky	35	1.0
West Hartford Town, Conn	68	2.5	Baton Rouge, La	34	1.1
West Haven Town, Conn	71	2.8	Monroe, La	34	1.2
Orlando, Fla	45	1.5	Bangor, Maine	42	1.4
Pensacola, Fla	42	1.3	Cumberland, Md	48	1.2
St. Petersburg, Fla	45	1.1	Hagerstown, Md	33	1.1
West Palm Beach, Fla	28	.9	Arlington Town, Mass	55	1.4
Columbus, Ga	69	1.6	Beverly, Mass	50	2.0
Alton, Ill	31	1.0	Brookline Town, Mass	131	2.7
Aurora, Ill	45	.9	Chelsea, Mass	77	1.7
Belleville, Ill	23	.8	Chicopee, Mass	53	1.2
Bloomington, Ill	33	1.1	Everett, Mass	81	1.6
Danville, Ill	30	.8	Fitchburg, Mass	58	1.4
Elgin, Ill	32	.9	Haverhill, Mass	78	1.6
Galesburg, Ill	30	1.0	Revere, Mass	49	1.3
Granite City, Ill	11	.4	Salem, Mass	78	1.8
Joliet, Ill	47	1.1	Taunton, Mass	68	1.8
Maywood, Ill	18	.6	Waltham, Mass	69	1.7
Moline, Ill	24	.7	Watertown, Mass	48	1.3
Quincy, Ill	44	1.1	Ann Arbor, Mich	31	1.1
Rock Island, Ill	25	.7	Battle Creek, Mich	49	1.1

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*—Continued

CITIES WITH 25,000 TO 50,000 INHABITANTS—Continued

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Bay City, Mich	50	1.1	Portsmouth, Ohio	35	0.8
Muskegon, Mich	43	.9	Steubenville, Ohio	38	1.0
Port Huron, Mich	40	1.2	Warren, Ohio	29	.7
Royal Oak, Mich	22	.9	Zanesville, Ohio	27	.7
Wyandotte, Mich	36	1.2	Enid, Okla	20	.7
Joplin, Mo	25	.7	Muskogee, Okla	35	1.1
University City, Mo	29	1.0	Salem, Oreg	19	.7
Butte, Mont	24	.6	Aliquippa Borough, Pa	19	.7
Great Falls, Mont	30	1.0	Easton, Pa	36	1.0
Concord, N. H	22	.9	Hazleton, Pa	27	.7
Nashua, N. H	38	1.2	Lebanon, Pa	24	.9
Belleville, N. J	32	1.1	Lower Merion Township, Pa	101	2.7
Bloomfield, N. J	60	1.5	Nanticoke, Pa	17	.6
Garfield, N. J	35	1.1	New Castle, Pa	43	.9
Hackensack, N. J	41	1.6	Norristown Borough, Pa	31	.8
Kearny, N. J	150	3.5	Sharon, Pa	20	.8
Montclair, N. J	79	1.8	Washington Borough, Pa	22	.9
New Brunswick, N. J	44	1.3	Wilkinsburg Borough, Pa	17	.6
North Bergen Township, N. J	68	1.6	Williamsport, Pa	31	.7
Orange, N. J	62	1.7	Central Falls, R. I	38	1.5
Perth Amboy, N. J	66	1.5	Cranston, R. I	46	1.0
Plainfield, N. J	62	1.7	East Providence Town, R. I	27	.9
West New York, N. J	81	2.1	Newport, R. I	63	2.3
West Orange, N. J	41	1.6	Greenville, S. C	55	1.8
Woodbridge Township, N. J	37	1.4	Spartanburg, S. C	43	1.4
Albuquerque, N. Mex	30	1.1	Sioux Falls, S. Dak	43	1.2
Amsterdam, N. Y	35	1.0	Abilene, Tex	28	1.1
Auburn, N. Y	45	1.2	Amarillo, Tex	39	.8
Elmira, N. Y	79	1.7	Brownsville, Tex	13	.5
Jamestown, N. Y	56	1.2	Corpus Christi, Tex	30	1.0
Kingston, N. Y	37	1.3	San Angelo, Tex	19	.7
Lackawanna, N. Y	42	1.7	Wichita Falls, Tex	43	1.0
Newburgh, N. Y	47	1.5	Ogden, Utah	36	.9
Poughkeepsie, N. Y	60	1.5	Burlington, Vt	33	1.3
Rome, N. Y	30	.9	Danville, Va	38	1.4
Watertown, N. Y	35	1.1	Lynchburg, Va	53	1.3
White Plains, N. Y	104	2.7	Newport News, Va	47	1.4
High Point, N. C	37	.9	Petersburg, Va	33	1.2
Raleigh, N. C	57	1.5	Portsmouth, Va	40	.9
Wilmington, N. C	45	1.4	Bellingham, Wash	27	.9
Fargo, N. Dak	40	1.3	Everett, Wash	29	.9
Barberton, Ohio	14	.6	Clarksburg, W. Va	25	.9
East Cleveland, Ohio	52	1.2	Parkersburg, W. Va	20	.7
Elyria, Ohio	21	.8	Appleton, Wis	24	.9
Lima, Ohio	28	.7	Eau Claire, Wis	20	.7
Lorain, Ohio	33	.7	Fond du Lac, Wis	30	1.1
Mansfield, Ohio	26	.8	Green Bay, Wis	39	1.0
Marion, Ohio	14	.4	Lacrosse, Wis	42	1.0
Massillon, Ohio	18	.7	Oshkosh, Wis	43	1.0
Middletown, Ohio	30	1.0	Sheboygan, Wis	44	1.1
Newark, Ohio	26	.8	Superior, Wis	60	1.7
Norwood, Ohio	34	1.0	West Allis, Wis	37	1.0

CITIES WITH 10,000 TO 25,000 INHABITANTS

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Decatur, Ala	11	0.6	Fullerton, Calif	10	0.8
Dothan, Ala	14	.8	Modesto, Calif	18	1.2
Fairfield, Ala	6	.5	Monrovia, Calif	17	1.4
Florence, Ala	8	.7	Ontario, Calif	15	1.0
Huntsville, Ala	16	1.3	Palo Alto, Calif	20	1.3
Phenix City, Ala	9	.6	Pomona, Calif	17	.8
Selma, Ala	18	1.0	Redlands, Calif	12	.8
Tuscaloosa, Ala	16	.7	Richmond, Calif	29	1.4
El Dorado, Ark	10	.5	Salinas, Calif	17	1.5
Hot Springs, Ark	18	.8	San Leandro, Calif	10	.8
Jonesboro, Ark	11	1.0	San Mateo, Calif	16	1.1
North Little Rock, Ark	25	1.2	Santa Cruz, Calif	15	1.0
Pine Bluff, Ark	12	.6	Santa Rosa, Calif	10	.9
Texarkana, Ark	9	.8	South Gate, Calif	17	.9
Anaheim, Calif	12	1.0	South Pasadena, Calif	10	.7
Beverly Hills, Calif	42	2.1	Vallejo, Calif	14	1.0
Brawley, Calif	12	1.1	Ventura, Calif	15	1.2
Burbank, Calif	26	1.4	Whittier, Calif	13	.8
Burlingame, Calif	15	1.0	Boulder, Colo	10	.9
Compton, Calif	26	1.8	Fort Collins, Colo	7	.6
Eureka, Calif	18	1.1	Grand Junction, Colo	11	1.0

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*—Continued

CITIES WITH 10,000 TO 25,000 INHABITANTS—Continued

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average Number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Greeley, Colo.	11	0.9	Fort Madison, Iowa	8	0.6
Trinidad, Colo.	10	.9	Iowa City, Iowa	10	.6
Ansonia, Conn.	12	.6	Keokuk, Iowa	15	1.0
Danbury, Conn.	21	.9	Marshalltown, Iowa	9	.5
Derby, Conn.	18	1.7	Mason City, Iowa	22	.9
East Hartford Town, Conn.	19	1.0	Muscatine, Iowa	17	1.0
Naugatuck Borough, Conn.	30	2.1	Newton, Iowa	8	.6
Norwich, Conn.	59	2.6	Oskaloosa, Iowa	8	.8
Stratford Town, Conn.	16	.8	Arkansas City, Kans.	11	.8
Wallingford, Conn.	25	2.2	Atchison, Kans.	13	1.0
Willimantic, Conn.	21	1.7	Chanute, Kans.	7	.7
Datona Beach, Fla.	28	1.5	Coffeyville, Kans.	21	1.3
Gainesville, Fla.	12	1.1	Dodge City, Kans.	9	.8
Key West, Fla.	10	.8	El Dorado, Kans.	10	1.0
Lakeland, Fla.	15	.8	Emporia, Kans.	10	.7
St. Augustine, Fla.	14	1.2	Fort Scott, Kans.	9	.8
Sanford, Fla.	7	.7	Independence, Kans.	8	.6
Tallahassee, Fla.	12	1.0	Lawrence, Kans.	11	.8
Albany, Ga.	18	1.2	Leavenworth, Kans.	21	1.2
Brunswick, Ga.	14	1.0	Manhattan, Kans.	9	.9
La Grange, Ga.	21	1.0	Newton, Kans.	6	.5
Rome, Ga.	22	1.0	Parsons, Kans.	8	.5
Thomasville, Ga.	9	.7	Salina, Kans.	16	.8
Valdosta, Ga.	14	1.0	Bowling Green, Ky.	17	1.3
Waycross, Ga.	16	1.0	Fort Thomas, Ky.	7	.6
Boise, Idaho	21	1.0	Frankfort, Ky.	11	.9
Pocatello, Idaho	19	1.1	Henderson, Ky.	17	1.5
Blue Island, Ill.	18	1.0	Hopkinsville, Ky.	13	1.2
Brookfield, Ill.	12	1.1	Owensboro, Ky.	24	1.0
Cairo, Ill.	12	.9	Alexandria, La.	24	1.0
Calumet City, Ill.	10	.8	Bogalusa, La.	10	.7
Canton, Ill.	9	.8	La Fayette, La.	8	.5
Centralia, Ill.	9	.7	Lake Charles, La.	15	.9
Champaign, Ill.	18	.9	Auburn, Maine	15	.8
Chicago Heights, Ill.	22	1.0	Augusta, Maine	19	1.1
East Moline, Ill.	8	.8	Biddeford, Maine	14	.8
Elmhurst, Ill.	11	.7	South Portland, Maine	11	.8
Elmwood Park, Ill.	9	.7	Waterville, Maine	11	.7
Forest Park, Ill.	16	1.1	Westbrook, Maine	14	1.3
Freeport, Ill.	17	.8	Annapolis, Md.	15	1.2
Harrisburg, Ill.	6	.5	Frederick, Md.	18	1.2
Harvey, Ill.	12	.7	Salisbury, Md.	14	1.2
Highland Park, Ill.	14	1.1	Adams Town, Mass.	12	.9
Jacksonville, Ill.	14	.8	Amesbury Town, Mass.	9	.7
Kankakee, Ill.	15	.7	Athol Town, Mass.	11	1.0
Kewanee, Ill.	13	.8	Attleboro, Mass.	26	1.2
La Grange, Ill.	12	1.1	Belmont Town, Mass.	39	1.7
La Salle, Ill.	10	.8	Braintree Town, Mass.	18	1.1
Mattoon, Ill.	10	.7	Clinton, Mass.	8	.6
Melrose Park, Ill.	17	1.5	Danvers Town, Mass.	10	.8
Mount Vernon, Ill.	6	.5	Dedham Town, Mass.	17	1.1
Ottawa, Ill.	12	.8	Easthampton Town, Mass.	13	1.2
Park Ridge, Ill.	12	1.0	Fairhaven Town, Mass.	10	.9
Pekin, Ill.	12	.7	Framingham Town, Mass.	24	1.0
Sterling, Ill.	5	.5	Gardner, Mass.	18	.9
Streator, Ill.	10	.7	Gloucester, Mass.	39	1.6
Urbana, Ill.	9	.7	Greenfield Town, Mass.	14	.9
West Frankfort, Ill.	4	.3	Leominster, Mass.	26	1.2
Wilmette, Ill.	18	1.1	Marlborough, Mass.	17	1.1
Winnetka, Ill.	18	1.4	Melrose, Mass.	35	1.5
Bloomington, Ind.	13	.7	Methuen Town, Mass.	16	.7
Connersville, Ind.	11	.8	Milford Town, Mass.	13	.9
Crawfordsville, Ind.	14	1.3	Milton Town, Mass.	30	1.7
Elwood, Ind.	9	.8	Natick Town, Mass.	15	1.1
Frankfort, Ind.	13	1.1	Needham Town, Mass.	17	1.5
Goshen, Ind.	5	.5	Newburyport, Mass.	23	1.5
Huntington, Ind.	13	1.0	North Adams, Mass.	26	1.2
Jeffersonville, Ind.	8	.7	Northampton, Mass.	24	1.0
La Porte, Ind.	15	.9	North Attleborough Town, Mass.	15	1.4
Logansport, Ind.	21	1.1	Norwood Town, Mass.	21	1.4
Marion, Ind.	28	1.1	Peabody, Mass.	45	2.1
New Castle, Ind.	15	1.1	Plymouth, Mass.	13	1.0
Peru, Ind.	14	1.1	Saugus Town, Mass.	25	1.6
Shelbyville, Ind.	6	.6	Southbridge Town, Mass.	14	1.0
Vincennes, Ind.	13	.7	Stoneham Town, Mass.	15	1.4
Whiting, Ind.	20	1.8	Swampscott Town, Mass.	17	1.6
Boone, Iowa	10	.8	Wakefield Town, Mass.	50	3.0
Fort Dodge, Iowa	16	.7			

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*—Continued

CITIES WITH 10,000 TO 25,000 INHABITANTS—Continued

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Webster Town, Mass.	37	2.8	Bridgeton, N. J.	12	0.8
Wellesley Town, Mass.	27	2.2	Burlington, N. J.	10	.9
Westfield, Mass.	23	1.2	Carteret, N. J.	18	1.3
West Springfield Town, Mass.	24	1.4	Cliffside Park, N. J.	22	1.3
Winchester Town, Mass.	21	1.6	Collingswood, N. J.	17	1.3
Winthrop, Mass.	20	1.2	Cranford Township, N. J.	18	1.5
Woburn, Mass.	20	1.0	Dover, N. J.	9	.9
Adrian, Mich.	11	.8	Englewood, N. J.	39	2.1
Alpena, Mich.	10	.8	Gloucester, N. J.	19	1.4
Benton Harbor, Mich.	15	.9	Harrison, N. J.	47	3.0
Ecorse, Mich.	21	1.5	Hawthorne, N. J.	9	.7
Escanaba, Mich.	11	.7	Hillside Township, N. J.	25	1.3
Ferndale, Mich.	21	.9	Linden, N. J.	47	2.2
Grosse Pointe Park, Mich.	36	2.8	Long Branch, N. J.	37	1.9
Holland, Mich.	10	.7	Lyndhurst Township, N. J.	22	1.2
Iron Mountain, Mich.	5	.4	Maplewood Township, N. J.	40	1.7
Ironwood, Mich.	15	1.0	Millville, N. J.	9	.6
Lincoln Park, Mich.	11	.9	Morristown, N. J.	22	1.4
Marquette, Mich.	11	.7	Neptune Township, N. J.	18	1.6
Menominee, Mich.	7	.7	Nutley, N. J.	31	1.4
Monroe, Mich.	20	1.0	Pensauken Township, N. J.	16	.9
Mount Clemens, Mich.	12	.8	Phillipsburg, N. J.	15	.8
Muskegon Heights, Mich.	39	2.3	Pleasantville, N. J.	14	1.1
Niles, Mich.	9	.8	Rahway, N. J.	24	1.4
Owosso, Mich.	12	.8	Red Bank, N. J.	18	1.5
River Rouge, Mich.	26	1.4	Ridgefield Park, N. J.	14	1.3
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.	12	.9	Ridgewood, N. J.	30	2.3
Traverse City, Mich.	7	.5	Roselle, N. J.	16	1.1
Ypsilanti, Mich.	15	1.4	Rutherford, N. J.	20	1.3
Albert Lea, Minn.	7	.7	South Orange, N. J.	35	2.4
Austin, Minn.	16	1.3	South River, N. J.	10	.9
Brainerd, Minn.	6	.6	Summit, N. J.	27	1.8
Faribault, Minn.	8	.6	Teaneck Township, N. J.	29	1.6
Hibbing, Minn.	31	2.0	Union Township, N. J.	25	1.3
Mankato, Minn.	14	1.0	Weehawken Township, N. J.	57	3.8
Rochester, Minn.	23	1.1	Westfield, N. J.	26	1.5
St. Cloud, Minn.	21	.9	Roswell, N. Mex.	8	.7
South St. Paul, Minn.	13	1.2	Santa Fe, N. Mex.	10	.8
Virginia, Minn.	40	3.3	Batavia, N. Y.	16	.9
Winona, Minn.	20	.9	Beacon, N. Y.	17	1.4
Clarksdale, Miss.	17	1.6	Cohoes, N. Y.	27	1.2
Columbus, Miss.	10	.9	Corning, N. Y.	15	1.0
Greenville, Miss.	13	.9	Cortland, N. Y.	15	1.0
Greenwood, Miss.	9	.8	Dunkirk, N. Y.	19	1.1
Gulfport, Miss.	13	1.0	Endicott, N. Y.	18	1.1
Hattiesburg, Miss.	17	.9	Floral Park, N. Y.	18	1.6
Laurel, Miss.	13	.7	Freeport, N. Y.	33	1.9
McComb, Miss.	6	.6	Fulton, N. Y.	17	1.4
Natchez, Miss.	17	1.3	Geneva, N. Y.	20	1.2
Vicksburg, Miss.	29	1.2	Glen Cove, N. Y.	32	2.6
Cape Girardeau, Mo.	15	.9	Glens Falls, N. Y.	23	1.2
Columbia, Mo.	15	1.0	Gloversville, N. Y.	20	.9
Hannibal, Mo.	24	1.0	Hempstead, N. Y.	42	2.4
Independence, Mo.	14	.9	Herkimer, N. Y.	13	1.2
Jefferson City, Mo.	14	.6	Hornell, N. Y.	20	1.2
Maplewood, Mo.	37	2.7	Hudson, N. Y.	17	1.4
Moberly, Mo.	10	.7	Irondequoit Town, N. Y.	8	.4
St. Charles, Mo.	10	.9	Ithaca, N. Y.	22	1.0
Sedalia, Mo.	15	.7	Johnson City, N. Y.	13	.9
Webster Groves, Mo.	16	.9	Johnstown, N. Y.	10	.9
Anaconda, Mont.	5	.4	Kenmore, N. Y.	18	1.0
Billings, Mont.	16	1.0	Little Falls, N. Y.	8	.7
Helena, Mont.	14	1.2	Lockport, N. Y.	28	1.2
Missoula, Mont.	14	.9	Lynbrook, N. Y.	31	2.3
Beatrice, Nebr.	8	.8	Mamaroneck, N. Y.	25	2.0
Fremont, Nebr.	9	.8	Massena, N. Y.	12	1.1
Grand Island, Nebr.	21	1.1	Middletown, N. Y.	25	1.1
Hastings, Nebr.	12	.7	North Tonawanda, N. Y.	26	1.3
Norfolk, Nebr.	11	1.0	Ogdensburg, N. Y.	16	.9
North Platte, Nebr.	10	.8	Olean, N. Y.	19	.9
Reno, Nev.	31	1.6	Oneida, N. Y.	14	1.3
Claremont Town, N. H.	6	.5	Oneonta, N. Y.	13	1.0
Dover, N. H.	14	1.0	Ossining, N. Y.	19	1.2
Keene, N. H.	15	1.1	Oswego, N. Y.	21	.9
Laconia, N. H.	19	1.5	Peekskill, N. Y.	22	1.3
Portsmouth, N. H.	19	1.3	Plattsburg, N. Y.	11	.8
Rochester, N. H.	5	.5	Port Chester, N. Y.	37	1.6
			Port Jervis, N. Y.	19	1.8

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*—Continued

CITIES WITH 10,000 TO 25,000 INHABITANTS—Continued

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Rensselaer, N. Y.	15	1.3	Charleroi Borough, Pa.	10	0.9
Rockville Centre, N. Y.	32	2.1	Cheltenham Township, Pa.	31	1.9
Saratoga Springs, N. Y.	23	1.7	Clairton, Pa.	17	1.1
Tonawanda, N. Y.	19	1.5	Coatesville, Pa.	14	1.0
Concord, N. C.	17	1.4	Columbia Borough, Pa.	3	.3
Elizabeth City, N. C.	12	1.2	Connellsville, Pa.	11	.8
Fayetteville, N. C.	23	1.7	Conshohocken Borough, Pa.	7	.6
Gastonia, N. C.	23	1.3	Coraopolis Borough, Pa.	9	.8
Goldsboro, N. C.	14	.9	Dickson City Borough, Pa.	7	.6
Kinston, N. C.	17	1.5	Donora Borough, Pa.	9	.6
Rocky Mount, N. C.	21	.9	Dormont Borough, Pa.	10	.7
Salisbury, N. C.	16	.9	DuBois, Pa.	6	.5
Shelby, N. C.	9	.8	Dunmore Borough, Pa.	20	.9
Statesville, N. C.	10	.9	Duquesne, Pa.	16	.7
Thomasville, N. C.	8	.7	Ellwood City Borough, Pa.	9	.7
Wilson, N. C.	18	1.4	Farrell Borough, Pa.	13	.9
Bismarck, N. Dak.	7	.6	Franklin, Pa.	10	1.0
Grand Forks, N. Dak.	19	1.1	Greensburg, Pa.	14	.8
Minot, N. Dak.	13	.8	Hanover Borough, Pa.	5	.4
Alliance, Ohio	14	.6	Haverford Township, Pa.	36	1.5
Ashland, Ohio	9	.8	Homestead Borough, Pa.	20	1.3
Ashtabula, Ohio	17	.7	Jeannette Borough, Pa.	6	.4
Bellaire, Ohio	9	.7	Kingston Borough, Pa.	15	.7
Bucyrus, Ohio	8	.8	Latrobe Borough, Pa.	9	.8
Cambridge, Ohio	8	.5	Lewistown Borough, Pa.	8	.6
Campbell, Ohio	11	.7	Mahanoy City Borough, Pa.	6	.4
Chillicothe, Ohio	15	.8	McKees Rocks Borough, Pa.	14	.8
Coshocton, Ohio	8	.7	Meadville, Pa.	15	.9
Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio	9	.4	Monessen, Pa.	16	.8
East Liverpool, Ohio	6	.3	Mount Carmel Borough, Pa.	6	.3
Euclid, Ohio	23	1.6	Mount Lebanon Township, Pa.	16	1.0
Findlay, Ohio	12	.6	Munhall Borough, Pa.	21	1.5
Fostoria, Ohio	7	.5	New Kensington Borough, Pa.	17	.7
Fremont, Ohio	8	.6	North Braddock Borough, Pa.	19	1.1
Garfield Heights, Ohio	13	.7	Oil City, Pa.	15	.7
Ironton, Ohio	12	.7	Olyphant Borough, Pa.	6	.6
Lancaster, Ohio	11	.6	Phoenixville Borough, Pa.	9	.7
Marietta, Ohio	12	.8	Pittston, Pa.	25	1.4
Martins Ferry, Ohio	10	.7	Plains Township, Pa.	4	.2
New Philadelphia, Ohio	6	.5	Plymouth Borough, Pa.	15	.9
Niles, Ohio	8	.5	Pottstown Borough, Pa.	16	.8
Painesville, Ohio	7	.6	Pottsville, Pa.	26	1.1
Parma Village, Ohio	11	.8	Shamokin Borough, Pa.	10	.5
Piqua, Ohio	9	.6	Steelton Borough, Pa.	8	.6
Salem, Ohio	7	.7	Stowe Township, Pa.	17	1.2
Sandusky, Ohio	17	.7	Sunbury, Pa.	5	.3
Shaker Heights, Ohio	29	1.4	Swissvale Borough, Pa.	20	1.2
Struthers, Ohio	10	.8	Taylor Borough, Pa.	6	.6
Wooster, Ohio	7	.6	Turtle Creek Borough, Pa.	10	.9
Xenia, Ohio	7	.7	Uniontown, Pa.	20	1.0
Ada, Okla.	13	1.1	Vandergrift Borough, Pa.	4	.3
Ardmore, Okla.	17	1.1	Warren Borough, Pa.	9	.6
Bartlesville, Okla.	15	1.0	Waynesboro Borough, Pa.	5	.5
Chickasha, Okla.	12	.8	West Chester Borough, Pa.	29	2.3
McAlester, Okla.	9	.8	Bristol Town, R. I.	9	.7
Okmulgee, Okla.	13	.8	North Providence Town, R. I.	3	.3
Ponca City, Okla.	16	.9	Warwick, R. I.	22	.9
Sapulpa, Okla.	8	.8	Westerly Town, R. I.	9	.8
Shawnee, Okla.	20	.8	West Warwick Town, R. I.	10	.6
Wewoka, Okla.	5	.4	Anderson, S. C.	24	1.6
Astoria, Oreg.	10	1.0	Florence, S. C.	17	1.1
Eugene, Oreg.	12	.6	Aberdeen, S. Dak.	19	1.1
Klamath Falls, Oreg.	13	.7	Huron, S. Dak.	9	.8
Medford, Oreg.	8	.7	Mitchell, S. Dak.	11	1.0
Abington Township, Pa.	25	1.2	Rapid City, S. Dak.	10	.9
Ambridge Borough, Pa.	13	.6	Watertown, S. Dak.	8	.8
Arnold Borough, Pa.	7	.6	Bristol, Tenn.	9	.7
Beaver Falls, Pa.	12	.7	Jackson, Tenn.	20	.9
Bellevue Borough, Pa.	12	1.1	Johnson City, Tenn.	20	.8
Berwick Borough, Pa.	6	.5	Kingsport, Tenn.	13	1.0
Bradford, Pa.	20	1.0	Big Spring, Tex.	9	.6
Bristol Borough, Pa.	6	.3	Brownwood, Tex.	10	.7
Butler, Pa.	20	.8	Cleburne, Tex.	9	.8
Cannonsburg Borough, Pa.	8	.6	Corsicana, Tex.	12	.8
Carbondale, Pa.	11	.5	Del Rio, Tex.	7	.6
Carlisle Borough, Pa.	9	.7			
Carnegie Borough, Pa.	9	.7			
Chambersburg Borough, Pa.	10	.7			

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*—Continued

CITIES WITH 10,000 TO 25,000 INHABITANTS—Continued

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Denison, Tex	10	0.7	Port Angeles, Wash	7	0.6
Greenville, Tex	9	.7	Vancouver, Wash	11	.7
Harlingen, Tex	8	.6	Walla Walla, Wash	14	.9
Lubbock, Tex	16	.7	Wenatchee, Wash	13	1.0
Marshall, Tex	13	.8	Yakima, Wash	28	1.3
Pampa, Tex	6	.5	Bluefield, W. Va	15	.8
Paris, Tex	11	.7	Fairmont, W. Va	19	.8
Sherman, Tex	13	.8	Morgantown, W. Va	8	.5
Sweetwater, Tex	9	.8	Moundsville, W. Va	6	.4
Temple, Tex	11	.7	Ashland, Wis	9	.8
Texarkana, Tex	13	.7	Beloit, Wis	21	.9
Tyler, Tex	20	1.1	Cudahy, Wis	10	.9
Provo, Utah	7	.5	Janesville, Wis	14	.6
Rutland, Vt	14	.8	Manitowoc, Wis	19	.8
Alexandria, Va	35	1.4	Marinette, Wis	9	.7
Charlottesville, Va	23	1.4	Shorewood Village, Wis	14	.9
Hopewell, Va	14	1.1	South Milwaukee, Wis	9	.8
Staunton, Va	15	1.2	Stevens Point, Wis	14	1.0
Suffolk, Va	13	1.3	Two Rivers, Wis	8	.7
Winchester, Va	11	1.0	Watertown, Wis	10	.9
Aberdeen, Wash	17	.7	Waukesha, Wis	18	1.0
Bremerton, Wash	9	.9	Wausau, Wis	22	.9
Hoquiam, Wash	9	.7	Wauwatosa, Wis	26	1.1
Longview, Wash	6	.6	Casper, Wyo	17	1.0
Olympia, Wash	10	.8	Cheyenne, Wyo	14	.8

CITIES WITH LESS THAN 10,000 INHABITANTS

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Auburn, Ala	3	1.1	Daly City, Calif	10	1.3
Demopolis, Ala	3	.7	Dinuba, Calif	3	1.0
Fort Payne, Ala	7	2.1	Dunsmuir, Calif	3	1.1
Homewood, Ala	4	.7	El Centro, Calif	12	1.4
Lanett, Ala	5	1.0	El Cerrito, Calif	6	1.6
Leeds, Ala	5	1.2	El Segundo, Calif	9	2.6
Roanoke, Ala	4	.9	Escondido, Calif	3	.9
Russellville, Ala	2	.6	Exeter, Calif	4	1.5
Sheffield, Ala	5	.8	Fillmore, Calif	3	1.0
Sylacauga, Ala	5	1.2	Fort Bragg, Calif	2	.7
Tarrant City, Ala	5	.7	Gilroy, Calif	5	1.4
Bisbee, Ariz	5	.6	Glendora, Calif	3	1.1
Douglas, Ariz	10	1.0	Hawthorne, Calif	9	1.4
Glendale, Ariz	3	.8	Hayward, Calif	6	1.1
Globe, Ariz	6	.8	Hermosa Beach, Calif	8	1.7
Miami, Ariz	4	.5	Huntington Beach, Calif	9	2.4
Nogales, Ariz	10	1.7	La Verne, Calif	4	1.4
Prescott, Ariz	8	1.5	Lodi, Calif	7	1.0
Winslow, Ariz	7	1.8	Lompoc, Calif	3	1.1
Batesville, Ark	4	.9	Los Gatos, Calif	4	1.3
Fayetteville, Ark	4	.5	Lynwood, Calif	12	1.6
Helena, Ark	6	.7	Madera, Calif	6	1.3
Hope, Ark	5	.8	Marysville, Calif	8	1.4
Marianna, Ark	6	1.4	Maywood, Calif	7	1.0
Mena, Ark	3	1.0	Merced, Calif	7	1.0
Newport, Ark	4	.9	Mill Valley, Calif	5	1.2
Paris, Ark	2	.6	Montebello, Calif	8	1.5
Rogers, Ark	3	.8	Monterey, Calif	11	1.2
Searcy, Ark	6	1.8	Monterey Park, Calif	8	1.2
Stamps, Ark	1	.4	Mountain View, Calif	3	.9
Stuttgart, Ark	3	.6	Napa, Calif	7	1.1
West Helena, Ark	3	.7	National City, Calif	9	1.2
Wynne, Ark	10	2.9	Needles, Calif	2	.6
Albany, Calif	6	.7	Oceanside, Calif	10	2.9
Arcadia, Calif	10	1.9	Orange, Calif	10	1.2
Azusa, Calif	8	1.7	Oroville, Calif	7	1.0
Bell, Calif	7	.9	Oxnard, Calif	5	.8
Calexico, Calif	7	1.1	Pacific Grove, Calif	4	.7
Chico, Calif	8	1.0	Petaluma, Calif	9	1.1
Chino, Calif	2	.6	Piedmont, Calif	20	2.1
Chula Vista, Calif	6	1.6	Pittsburg, Calif	10	1.0
Claremont, Calif	11	4.0	Porterville, Calif	5	.9
Coalinga, Calif	5	1.8	Redding, Calif	6	1.4
Colton, Calif	15	1.9	Redondo Beach, Calif	13	1.4
Corona, Calif	5	.7	Redwood City, Calif	11	1.2
Coronado, Calif	18	3.3	Roseville, Calif	8	1.2
Culver City, Calif	15	2.6	San Anselmo, Calif	4	.9

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*—Continued

CITIES WITH LESS THAN 10,000 INHABITANTS—Continued

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average Number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
San Bruno, Calif.	8	2.2	Moscow, Idaho	5	1.1
San Fernando, Calif.	12	1.6	Nampa, Idaho	8	1.0
San Gabriel, Calif.	12	1.7	Preston, Idaho	3	.9
San Marino, Calif.	17	4.6	Twin Falls, Idaho	7	.8
San Rafael, Calif.	10	1.2	Anna, Ill.	2	.6
Santa Clara, Calif.	7	1.1	Arlington Heights, Ill.	5	1.0
Santa Maria, Calif.	7	1.0	Barrington, Ill.	4	1.2
Santa Paula, Calif.	5	.7	Batavia, Ill.	4	.8
Sausalito, Calif.	7	1.9	Beardstown, Ill.	7	1.1
Sierra Madre, Calif.	4	1.1	Bellwood, Ill.	10	2.0
Signal Hill, Calif.	16	5.5	Belvidere, Ill.	6	.7
South San Francisco, Calif.	8	1.3	Benld, Ill.	3	1.0
Sunnyvale, Calif.	5	1.6	Bradley, Ill.	2	.7
Taft, Calif.	3	.9	Bushnell, Ill.	4	1.4
Torrance, Calif.	12	1.7	Carlinville, Ill.	3	.7
Tracy, Calif.	6	1.6	Carbondale, Ill.	5	.7
Tulare, Calif.	9	1.4	Carmi, Ill.	3	1.0
Upland, Calif.	6	1.3	Carterville, Ill.	2	.7
Visalia, Calif.	8	1.1	Clinton, Ill.	6	1.0
Watsonville, Calif.	11	1.3	Des Plaines, Ill.	10	1.1
Woodland, Calif.	6	1.1	Dixon, Ill.	7	.7
Alamosa, Colo.	4	.8	Dolton, Ill.	4	1.4
Canon City, Colo.	4	.7	Downers Grove, Ill.	8	.9
Durango, Colo.	5	.9	Duquoin, Ill.	5	.7
Englewood, Colo.	7	.9	Dwight, Ill.	3	1.2
Fort Morgan, Colo.	5	1.1	East Alton, Ill.	3	.7
La Junta, Colo.	4	.6	East Peoria, Ill.	10	2.0
Lamar, Colo.	4	.9	Edwardsville, Ill.	5	.8
Longmont, Colo.	7	1.2	Flora, Ill.	4	.9
Loveland, Colo.	4	.7	Galva, Ill.	5	1.7
Monte Vista, Colo.	3	1.1	Geneva, Ill.	7	1.5
Montrose, Colo.	3	.8	Gillespie, Ill.	5	1.0
Rocky Ford, Colo.	3	.9	Glencoe, Ill.	10	1.6
Salida, Colo.	4	.8	Glen Ellyn, Ill.	31	4.0
Sterling, Colo.	4	.6	Highland, Ill.	3	.9
Danielson, Conn.	13	3.1	Highwood, Ill.	8	2.2
Groton Borough, Conn.	5	1.2	Hillsboro, Ill.	4	.9
Putnam, Conn.	23	3.1	Hinsdale, Ill.	10	1.4
Southington, Conn.	14	2.7	Homewood, Ill.	4	1.2
Winsted, Conn.	20	3.3	Hoopeston, Ill.	4	.7
Dover, Del.	7	1.5	Johnston City, Ill.	4	.7
Milford, Del.	3	.8	Kenilworth, Ill.	9	3.6
Newark, Del.	3	.8	Lake Forest, Ill.	15	2.3
New Castle, Del.	3	.7	Lemont, Ill.	8	3.1
Arcadia, Fla.	3	.7	Libertyville, Ill.	3	.8
Avon Park, Fla.	3	.9	Litchfield, Ill.	4	.6
Bradenton, Fla.	5	.8	Lockport, Ill.	3	.9
Clearwater, Fla.	12	1.6	Lombard, Ill.	6	1.0
Coral Gables, Fla.	29	5.1	Macomb, Ill.	10	1.2
De Funiak Springs, Fla.	3	1.1	Madison, Ill.	9	1.2
Fort Lauderdale, Fla.	14	1.6	Marseilles, Ill.	3	.7
Fort Pierce, Fla.	6	1.2	Mendota, Ill.	7	1.7
Hialeah, Fla.	8	3.1	Morrison, Ill.	5	1.6
Hollywood, Fla.	7	2.4	Mount Carmel, Ill.	4	.6
Kissimmee, Fla.	4	1.3	Murphysboro, Ill.	3	.4
Lake Wales, Fla.	3	.9	Naperville, Ill.	7	1.4
Leesburg, Fla.	5	1.2	Niles Center, Ill.	17	3.4
Marianna, Fla.	6	1.8	Normal, Ill.	7	1.0
Miami Beach, Fla.	45	6.9	North Chicago, Ill.	6	.7
Ocala, Fla.	10	1.4	Oglesby, Ill.	3	.8
Panama City, Fla.	7	1.3	Pana, Ill.	4	.7
Perry, Fla.	2	.7	Paris, Ill.	8	.9
Plant City, Fla.	5	.7	Peoria Heights, Ill.	14	4.3
Quincy, Fla.	6	1.6	Peru, Ill.	6	.7
Sarasota, Fla.	8	1.0	Pinckneyville, Ill.	2	.7
Wauchula, Fla.	3	1.2	Princeton, Ill.	4	.9
Winter Haven, Fla.	6	.8	Pontiac, Ill.	5	.6
Winter Park, Fla.	4	1.1	River Forest, Ill.	16	1.8
Americus, Ga.	7	.8	River Grove, Ill.	4	1.5
Cartersville, Ga.	5	1.0	Riverside, Ill.	10	1.5
Dalton, Ga.	8	1.0	Robinson, Ill.	7	1.9
Elberton, Ga.	5	1.1	Rochelle, Ill.	5	1.3
Quitman, Ga.	4	1.0	Sandwich, Ill.	1	.4
Blackfoot, Idaho	3	.9	Savanna, Ill.	5	1.0
Coeur d'Alene, Idaho	5	.6	Silvis, Ill.	2	.8
Emmett, Idaho	2	.7	Staunton, Ill.	3	.6
Idaho Falls, Idaho	10	1.1	Steger, Ill.	2	.7
Lewiston, Idaho	8	.9			

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*—Continued

CITIES WITH LESS THAN 10,000 INHABITANTS—Continued

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Summit, Ill	11	1.7	Mount Pleasant, Iowa	4	1.1
Taylorville, Ill	5	.7	Nevada, Iowa	2	.6
Venice, Ill	7	1.3	Oelwein, Iowa	4	.5
Villa Park, Ill	6	1.0	Sheldon, Iowa	3	.9
Virden, Ill	10	3.3	Shenandoah, Iowa	5	.8
Watseka, Ill	4	1.3	Spencer, Iowa	4	.8
West Chicago, Ill	2	.6	Tama, Iowa	3	1.1
Western Springs, Ill	5	1.3	Washington, Iowa	2	.4
Westmont, Ill	9	3.3	Waverly, Iowa	2	.5
Westville, Ill	2	.5	Webster City, Iowa	6	.9
Wheaton, Ill	8	1.1	Abilene, Kans	3	.5
Zion, Ill	5	.8	Augusta, Kans	6	1.5
Attica, Ind	4	1.1	Baxter Springs, Kans	4	.9
Auburn, Ind	3	.6	Caney, Kans	4	1.4
Aurora, Ind	2	.5	Eureka, Kans	4	1.1
Batesville, Ind	2	.7	Fredonia, Kans	4	1.2
Beech Grove, Ind	8	2.3	Galena, Kans	1	.2
Bicknell, Ind	5	1.0	Garden City, Kans	5	.8
Bluffton, Ind	6	1.2	Garnett, Kans	3	1.1
Boonville, Ind	2	.5	Hays, Kans	4	.9
Brazil, Ind	5	.6	Herington, Kans	2	.4
Clinton, Ind	6	.8	Hoisington, Kans	2	.7
Columbia City, Ind	9	2.4	Humboldt, Kans	4	1.6
Crown Point, Ind	1	.2	Iola, Kans	6	.8
Franklin, Ind	4	.7	Junction City, Kans	7	.9
Greencastle, Ind	3	.7	Liberal, Kans	4	.8
Greensburg, Ind	4	.7	McPherson, Kans	6	1.0
Hartford City, Ind	3	.5	Neodesha, Kans	3	.9
Huntingburg, Ind	2	.6	Osawatomie, Kans	3	.7
Jasonville, Ind	2	.6	Ottawa, Kans	7	.7
Kendallville, Ind	5	.9	Pratt, Kans	4	.6
Lawrenceburg, Ind	5	1.2	Wellington, Kans	4	.5
Lebanon, Ind	4	.6	Winfield, Kans	8	.9
Linton, Ind	4	.8	Corbin, Ky	7	.9
Madison, Ind	4	.6	Danville, Ky	7	1.0
Martinsville, Ind	4	.8	Dayton, Ky	5	.6
Mitchell, Ind	3	.9	Georgetown, Ky	6	1.4
Mount Vernon, Ind	3	.6	Glasgow, Ky	8	1.6
Noblesville, Ind	5	1.0	Harrodsburg, Ky	5	1.2
North Vernon, Ind	4	1.3	Jenkins, Ky	8	.9
Oakland City, Ind	1	.4	Lebanon, Ky	4	1.2
Petersburg, Ind	2	.8	Ludlow, Ky	6	.9
Princeton, Ind	5	.7	Mount Sterling, Ky	6	1.4
Rochester, Ind	4	1.1	Winchester, Ky	7	.9
Salem, Ind	3	.9	Haynesville, La	2	.8
Sullivan, Ind	3	.6	Homer, La	3	1.0
Tipton, Ind	5	1.0	Lake Providence, La	3	1.0
Valparaiso, Ind	9	1.1	Natchitoches, La	7	1.5
Wabash, Ind	8	.9	New Iberia, La	6	.7
West Lafayette, Ind	4	.8	Pineville, La	2	.6
West Terre Haute, Ind	3	.8	Plaquemine, La	5	1.0
Winchester, Ind	3	.7	Pochatoula, La	3	1.0
Albia, Iowa	2	.5	Rayne, La	3	.8
Algona, Iowa	4	1.0	Tallulah, La	4	1.2
Atlantic, Iowa	3	.5	Thibodaux, La	7	1.6
Belle Plaine, Iowa	2	.9	Bath, Maine	8	.9
Bettendorf, Iowa	2	.7	Belfast, Maine	16	3.2
Carroll, Iowa	4	.9	Calais, Maine	6	1.1
Cedar Falls, Iowa	5	.7	Fort Fairfield, Maine	6	2.3
Centerville, Iowa	6	.7	Gardiner, Maine	9	1.6
Chariton, Iowa	3	.6	Hallowell, Maine	14	5.2
Charles City, Iowa	5	.6	Old Town, Maine	17	2.3
Cherokee, Iowa	4	.6	Rockland, Maine	35	3.9
Clarinda, Iowa	3	.6	Saco, Maine	6	.8
Clarion, Iowa	2	.8	Frostburg, Md	4	.7
Creston, Iowa	7	.8	Takoma Park, Md	8	1.2
Decorah, Iowa	4	.9	Westernport, Md	1	.3
Eagle Grove, Iowa	3	.7	Westminster, Md	3	.7
Eldora, Iowa	2	.6	Abington, Mass	6	1.0
Emmetsburg, Iowa	2	.7	Amherst, Mass	4	.7
Glenwood, Iowa	2	.5	Andover, Mass	11	1.1
Grinnell, Iowa	4	.8	Auburn, Mass	10	1.6
Hampton, Iowa	2	.6	Ayer, Mass	3	1.0
Iowa Falls, Iowa	4	1.0	Barnstable, Mass	17	2.3
Jefferson, Iowa	3	.9	Bridgewater, Mass	9	1.0
Knoxville, Iowa	3	.6	Canton, Mass	6	1.0
Marion, Iowa	4	.9	Cohasset, Mass	7	2.3
Missouri Valley, Iowa	3	.7	Dalton, Mass	2	.5

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*—Continued

CITIES WITH LESS THAN 10,000 INHABITANTS—Continued

	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
1.1	Dartmouth, Mass	35	4.0	Norway, Mich	3	0.7
.6	Dracut, Mass	13	1.9	Otsego, Mich	6	1.8
.5	Franklin, Mass	6	.9	Petoskey, Mich	5	.9
.9	Great Barrington, Mass	7	1.2	Pleasant Ridge, Mich	5	1.7
.8	Hingham, Mass	11	1.7	Plymouth, Mich	7	1.6
.8	Ipswich, Mass	10	1.8	Rochester, Mich	2	.6
1.1	Lexington, Mass	16	1.7	Rogers City, Mich	1	.3
.4	Longmeadow, Mass	8	1.8	Roseville, Mich	5	.7
.5	Ludlow, Mass	9	1.0	St. Clair, Mich	3	.9
.9	Marblehead, Mass	22	2.5	St. Clair Shores, Mich	9	1.3
.5	Maynard, Mass	15	2.1	St. Joseph, Mich	7	.8
1.5	Middleborough, Mass	9	1.0	South Haven, Mich	5	1.0
.9	Montague, Mass	4	.5	Sturgis, Mich	9	1.3
1.4	Nantucket, Mass	6	1.6	Three Rivers, Mich	8	1.2
1.1	North Andover, Mass	5	.7	Trenton, Mich	8	2.0
1.2	Northbridge, Mass	14	1.4	Wakefield, Mich	7	1.9
.2	Orange, Mass	10	1.9	Wayne, Mich	5	1.5
.8	Palmer, Mass	12	1.3	Alexandria, Minn	3	.8
1.1	Provincetown, Mass	4	1.1	Anoka, Minn	3	.6
.9	Randolph, Mass	4	.6	Bayport, Minn	2	.8
.4	Reading, Mass	17	1.7	Bemidji, Minn	6	.8
.7	Rockport, Mass	5	1.4	Blue Earth, Minn	2	.7
1.6	Somerset, Mass	3	.6	Chisholm, Minn	15	1.8
.8	South Hadley, Mass	10	1.5	Cloquet, Minn	7	1.0
.9	Uxbridge, Mass	7	1.1	Columbia Heights, Minn	2	.4
.8	Walpole, Mass	9	1.2	Crookston, Minn	6	.9
1.0	Ware, Mass	5	.7	Crosby, Minn	3	.9
.9	Winchendon, Mass	10	1.6	Detroit Lakes, Minn	4	1.1
.7	Albion, Mich	5	.6	East Grand Forks, Minn	6	2.1
.7	Allegan, Mich	3	.8	Edina, Minn	3	1.0
.6	Alma, Mich	4	.6	Fly, Minn	22	3.6
.5	Belding, Mich	1	.2	Eveleth, Minn	20	2.7
.9	Berkley, Mich	6	1.1	Fairmont, Minn	4	.7
.9	Bessemer, Mich	5	1.2	Fergus Falls, Minn	4	.4
1.0	Big Rapids, Mich	5	1.1	Gilbert, Minn	6	2.2
.6	Birmingham, Mich	16	1.7	Grand Rapids, Minn	5	1.6
1.4	Boyne City, Mich	2	.8	Hastings, Minn	4	.8
1.6	Buchanan, Mich	2	.5	Hopkins, Minn	3	.8
1.2	Cadillac, Mich	6	.6	Hutchinson, Minn	2	.6
.9	Caro, Mich	6	2.3	International Falls, Minn	4	.8
1.2	Centerline, Mich	6	2.3	Lake City, Minn	3	.9
.9	Charlotte, Mich	4	.8	Litchfield, Minn	3	1.0
1.4	Cheboygan, Mich	3	.6	Little Falls, Minn	5	1.0
.9	Clawson, Mich	3	.9	Luverne, Minn	3	1.1
.8	Coldwater, Mich	8	1.2	Marshall, Minn	4	1.2
1.0	Crystal Falls, Mich	5	1.7	Montevideo, Minn	3	.7
1.0	Dowagiac, Mich	3	.5	Moorhend, Minn	7	.9
1.5	Durand, Mich	1	.3	Nashwauk, Minn	5	2.0
.7	East Detroit, Mich	6	1.0	New Ulm, Minn	5	.7
.6	East Grand Rapids, Mich	5	1.2	Northfield, Minn	3	.7
1.0	East Lansing, Mich	4	.9	North Mankato, Minn	2	.7
1.0	Eaton Rapids, Mich	4	1.4	North St. Paul, Minn	1	.3
.8	Gladstone, Mich	3	.6	Owatonna, Minn	8	1.0
1.2	Grand Haven, Mich	5	.6	Pipestone, Minn	3	.9
1.6	Grand Ledge, Mich	5	1.4	Proctorknott, Minn	1	.4
.9	Greenville, Mich	3	.6	Red Wing, Minn	14	1.5
3.2	Grosse Pointe, Mich	16	3.1	Redwood Falls, Minn	2	.8
1.1	Grosse Pointe Farms, Mich	18	5.1	Robbinsdale, Minn	5	1.1
2.3	Hancock, Mich	6	1.0	St. James, Minn	3	1.1
1.6	Hastings, Mich	3	.6	St. Louis Park, Minn	4	.8
5.2	Howell, Mich	3	.8	St. Peter, Minn	4	.8
2.3	Ionia, Mich	4	.6	Sauk Center, Minn	2	.7
3.9	Iron River, Mich	4	.9	Sauk Rapids, Minn	1	.4
.8	Ishpeming, Mich	8	.9	Sleepy Eye, Minn	2	.8
.7	Kingsford, Mich	3	.5	Staples, Minn	3	1.1
1.2	Lapeer, Mich	2	.4	Stillwater, Minn	8	1.1
.3	Laurium, Mich	3	.6	Thief River Falls, Minn	3	.7
.7	Ludington, Mich	5	.6	Tracy, Minn	2	.8
1.0	Manistee, Mich	5	.6	Two Harbors, Minn	5	1.1
.7	Manistique, Mich	7	1.3	Wadena, Minn	4	1.6
1.1	Marine City, Mich	2	.5	Waseca, Minn	3	.8
1.6	Marshall, Mich	4	.8	West St. Paul, Minn	2	.4
1.0	Melvindale, Mich	7	1.7	White Bear Lake, Minn	3	1.2
2.3	Midland, Mich	4	.5	Willmar, Minn	4	.6
1.0	Mount Pleasant, Mich	4	.8	Worthington, Minn	3	.8
1.0	Munising, Mich	3	.8	Canton, Miss	4	.8
2.3	Negaunee, Mich	8	1.2	Lexington, Miss	2	.8
.5	Northville, Mich	6	2.3	Pascagoula, Miss	3	.7

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*—Continued

CITIES WITH LESS THAN 10,000 INHABITANTS—Continued

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average Number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Picayune, Miss	3	0.6	Glassboro, N. J	4	0.8
Yazoo City, Miss	6	1.1	Glen Ridge, N. J	21	2.9
Aurora, Mo	3	.8	Glen Rock, N. J	7	1.6
Cameron, Mo	3	.9	Guttenberg, N. J	11	1.7
Carthage, Mo	5	.5	Hackettstown, N. J	2	.7
Chillicothe, Mo	5	.6	Haddonfield, N. J	16	1.8
Clayton, Mo	19	2.0	Haddon Heights, N. J	10	1.9
Clinton, Mo	4	.7	Haledon, N. J	3	.6
DeSoto, Mo	3	.6	Hammonton, N. J	5	.7
Excelsior Springs, Mo	5	1.1	Hasbrouck Heights, N. J	12	2.1
Higginsville, Mo	3	.9	Highland Park, N. J	11	1.3
Kirkwood, Mo	9	1.0	Hightstown, N. J	3	1.0
Marceline, Mo	4	1.1	Keyport, N. J	5	1.0
Marshall, Mo	5	.6	Leonia, N. J	13	2.4
Maryville, Mo	5	1.0	Madison, N. J	10	1.3
Mexico, Mo	6	.7	Manville, N. J	3	.6
Monett, Mo	5	1.2	Margate City, N. J	9	3.1
Nevada, Mo	8	1.1	Maywood, N. J	5	1.5
Trenton, Mo	4	.6	Metuchen, N. J	8	1.4
Washington, Mo	4	.7	Middlesex, N. J	15	4.3
West Plains, Mo	4	1.2	New Milford, N. J	7	2.7
Bozeman, Mont	6	.9	Newton, N. J	12	2.2
Havre, Mont	6	.9	Northfield, N. J	3	1.1
Kalispell, Mont	4	.7	North Plainfield, N. J	9	.9
Laurel, Mont	3	1.2	Ocean City, N. J	30	5.4
Lewistown, Mont	6	1.1	Paulsboro, N. J	4	.6
Livingston, Mont	6	.9	Penns Grove, N. J	6	1.0
Alliance, Nebr	6	.9	Pitman, N. J	5	.9
Auburn, Nebr	4	1.3	Pompton Lakes, N. J	6	1.9
Aurora, Nebr	3	1.1	Princeton, N. J	14	2.0
Blair, Nebr	3	1.1	Prospect Park, N. J	6	1.0
Chadron, Nebr	3	.7	Ramsey, N. J	6	1.8
Fairbury, Nebr	4	.6	Rockaway, N. J	4	1.3
Falls City, Nebr	6	1.0	Roselle Park, N. J	10	1.1
Gering, Nebr	3	1.2	Salem, N. J	7	.9
Holdrege, Nebr	3	.9	Sayreville, N. J	9	1.0
Kearney, Nebr	7	.8	Secaucus, N. J	15	1.7
McCook, Nebr	4	.6	Somerville, N. J	19	2.3
Nebraska City, Nebr	4	.6	South Plainfield, N. J	6	1.2
Scottsbluff, Nebr	8	.9	Tenafly, N. J	11	1.9
Schuyler, Nebr	4	1.5	Ventnor City, N. J	20	3.0
Seward, Nebr	3	1.1	Verona, N. J	12	1.7
South Sioux City, Nebr	3	.8	Washington, N. J	5	1.1
Wahoo, Nebr	2	.7	Westwood, N. J	9	1.9
York, Nebr	5	.9	Wildwood, N. J	20	3.8
Boulder City, Nev	10	1.1	Woodbury, N. J	13	1.6
Ely, Nev	3	1.0	Wood Ridge, N. J	8	1.6
Las Vegas, Nev	13	2.5	Carlsbad, N. Mex	4	1.1
Sparks, Nev	5	1.1	Clayton, N. Mex	3	1.2
Derry Town, N. H	5	1.0	Clovis, N. Mex	5	.6
Exeter, N. H	7	1.4	Portales, N. Mex	4	1.6
Littleton, N. H	8	1.8	Raton, N. Mex	4	.7
Milford, N. H	7	1.7	Albion, N. Y	6	1.2
Newport, N. H	5	1.1	Amityville, N. Y	11	2.5
Somersworth, N. H	6	1.1	Babylon, N. Y	9	2.1
Audubon, N. J	13	1.5	Baldwinsville, N. Y	3	.8
Belmar, N. J	13	3.7	Ballston Spa, N. Y	7	1.5
Bergenfield, N. J	10	1.1	Bath, N. Y	5	1.2
Bernardsville, N. J	5	1.5	Bronxville, N. Y	21	3.3
Bloomingdale, N. J	15	5.9	Canajoharie, N. Y	3	1.2
Bogota, N. J	9	1.2	Canandaigua, N. Y	9	1.2
Boonton, N. J	6	.9	Canastota, N. Y	4	.9
Bound Brook, N. J	8	1.1	Canisteo, N. Y	3	1.2
Bradley Beach, N. J	12	3.6	Canton, N. Y	4	1.4
Butler, N. J	5	1.5	Carthage, N. Y	4	.9
Cape May, N. J	8	3.0	Catskill, N. Y	6	1.2
Carlstadt, N. J	10	1.8	Cooperstown, N. Y	2	.7
Clementon, N. J	2	.8	Dansville, N. Y	5	1.0
Dunellen, N. J	5	1.0	Depew, N. Y	6	.9
East Paterson, N. J	28	5.9	Dobbs Ferry, N. Y	10	1.7
Edgewater, N. J	24	5.9	Dolgeville, N. Y	4	1.2
Fairlawn, N. J	10	1.7	East Rochester, N. Y	3	.5
Fairview, N. J	11	1.2	East Rockaway, N. Y	14	3.2
Flemington, N. J	2	.7	Ellenville, N. Y	6	1.8
Fort Lee, N. J	24	2.7	Elmira Heights, N. Y	6	1.2
Freehold, N. J	4	.6	Elmsford, N. Y	6	2.0
Garwood, N. J	10	3.0	Falconer, N. Y	3	.8

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*—Continued

CITIES WITH LESS THAN 10,000 INHABITANTS—Continued

	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
0.8	Farmingdale, N. Y.	8	2.4	Hendersonville, N. C.	6	1.2
2.9	Fort Edward, N. Y.	2	.5	Lexington, N. C.	8	.8
1.6	Fort Plain, N. Y.	8	2.9	Lumberton, N. C.	6	1.4
1.7	Frankfort, N. Y.	3	.7	Mount Airy, N. C.	7	1.2
.7	Fredonia, N. Y.	5	.9	Mount Olive, N. C.	2	.7
1.8	Garden City, N. Y.	29	4.0	Reidsville, N. C.	11	1.6
1.9	Goshen, N. Y.	5	1.7	Southern Pines, N. C.	3	1.2
.6	Gowanda, N. Y.	4	1.3	Spencer, N. C.	4	1.3
.7	Granville, N. Y.	4	1.1	Devils Lake, N. Dak.	3	.6
2.1	Green Island, N. Y.	5	1.2	Jamestown, N. Dak.	6	.7
1.3	Greenport, N. Y.	6	2.0	Mandan, N. Dak.	3	.6
1.0	Hamburg, N. Y.	5	1.1	Valley City, N. Dak.	5	.9
1.0	Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y.	12	1.7	Williston, N. Dak.	3	.6
2.4	Haverstraw, N. Y.	9	1.6	Amherst, Ohio	5	1.8
1.3	Highland Falls, N. Y.	3	1.0	Athens, Ohio	5	.7
.6	Hoosick Falls, N. Y.	3	.6	Barnesville, Ohio	3	.7
3.1	Hudson Falls, N. Y.	5	.8	Bedford, Ohio	4	.6
1.5	Ilion, N. Y.	9	.9	Bellefontaine, Ohio	4	.4
1.4	Irvington, N. Y.	10	3.3	Bellevue, Ohio	5	.8
4.3	Lake Placid, N. Y.	6	2.0	Berea, Ohio	16	2.8
2.7	Lancaster, N. Y.	7	1.0	Bridgeport, Ohio	3	.6
2.2	Larchmont, N. Y.	17	3.2	Bryan, Ohio	4	.9
1.1	Lawrence, N. Y.	27	8.9	Carey, Ohio	3	1.1
.9	Liberty, N. Y.	6	1.8	Chagrin Falls, Ohio	5	1.8
5.4	Lindenhurst, N. Y.	7	1.7	Cheviot, Ohio	8	1.0
.6	Lowville, N. Y.	4	1.2	Circleville, Ohio	5	.7
1.0	Lyons, N. Y.	7	1.8	Clyde, Ohio	4	1.3
.9	Malone, N. Y.	7	.8	Conneaut, Ohio	5	.5
1.9	Mechanicville, N. Y.	7	.9	Crestline, Ohio	6	1.4
2.0	Medina, N. Y.	7	1.2	Crooksville, Ohio	1	.3
1.0	Mohawk, N. Y.	2	.7	Defiance, Ohio	4	.5
1.8	Monticello, N. Y.	6	1.7	Delaware, Ohio	6	.9
1.3	Newark, N. Y.	17	2.2	Delphos, Ohio	4	.7
1.1	New York Mills, N. Y.	7	.2	Dennison, Ohio	5	1.1
.9	North Pelham, N. Y.	14	2.9	Dover, Ohio	9	.9
1.0	Northport, N. Y.	4	1.6	East Palestine, Ohio	2	.4
1.7	North Tarrytown, N. Y.	16	2.2	Eaton, Ohio	2	.6
2.3	Norwich, N. Y.	8	1.0	Elmwood Place, Ohio	5	1.1
1.2	Nyack, N. Y.	16	3.0	Fairport Harbor, Ohio	8	1.6
1.9	Owego, N. Y.	3	.6	Franklin, Ohio	7	1.6
3.0	Palmyra, N. Y.	6	2.3	Galion, Ohio	6	.8
1.7	Patchogue, N. Y.	17	2.5	Gallipolis, Ohio	3	.4
4.1	Pelham Manor, N. Y.	22	4.5	Geneva, Ohio	4	1.1
1.9	Penn Yan, N. Y.	5	.9	Girard, Ohio	6	.6
3.8	Perry, N. Y.	5	1.2	Grandview Heights, Ohio	5	.8
1.6	Pleasantville, N. Y.	11	2.4	Hillsboro, Ohio	6	1.5
1.6	Rye, N. Y.	32	3.7	Hubbard, Ohio	3	.7
1.1	Sag Harbor, N. Y.	3	1.1	Jackson, Ohio	3	.5
1.2	Salamanca, N. Y.	14	1.5	Kent, Ohio	8	1.0
.6	Saranac Lake, N. Y.	7	.9	Kenton, Ohio	6	.8
1.6	Saugerties, N. Y.	5	1.2	Lebanon, Ohio	2	.6
.7	Scarsdale, N. Y.	23	2.4	Lisbon, Ohio	3	.9
1.2	Scotia, N. Y.	8	1.1	Lockland, Ohio	8	1.4
2.5	Sea Cliff, N. Y.	5	1.4	Logan, Ohio	3	.5
2.1	Seneca Falls, N. Y.	5	.8	Maple Heights, Ohio	7	1.2
.8	Silver Creek, N. Y.	4	1.3	Maumee, Ohio	5	1.1
1.5	Solvay, N. Y.	13	1.6	Miamisburg, Ohio	4	.7
1.2	Southampton, N. Y.	9	2.4	Middleport, Ohio	2	.6
3.3	Spring Valley, N. Y.	5	1.3	Minerva, Ohio	3	1.1
1.2	Springville, N. Y.	4	1.6	Mingo Junction, Ohio	6	1.2
1.2	Suffern, N. Y.	11	2.9	Montpelier, Ohio	2	.5
.9	Tarrytown, N. Y.	17	2.5	Mount Healthy, Ohio	3	.8
1.2	Tuckahoe, N. Y.	14	2.3	Mount Vernon, Ohio	5	.5
1.4	Tupper Lake, N. Y.	4	.8	New Boston, Ohio	11	1.9
.9	Walden, N. Y.	4	.9	Newton Falls, Ohio	2	.6
1.2	Wappingers Falls, N. Y.	3	.9	North Canton, Ohio	2	.8
.7	Warsaw, N. Y.	3	.9	North College Hill, Ohio	5	1.2
1.0	Waterloo, N. Y.	3	.7	Norwalk, Ohio	5	.6
.9	Watkins Glen, N. Y.	5	1.7	Oakwood, Ohio	16	2.5
1.7	Waverly, N. Y.	4	.7	Oberlin, Ohio	4	.9
1.3	Wellsville, N. Y.	5	.9	Orrville, Ohio	3	.7
.5	Westfield, N. Y.	2	.6	Oxford, Ohio	6	2.3
3.2	West Haverstraw, N. Y.	8	2.8	Port Clinton, Ohio	3	.7
1.8	Whitehall, N. Y.	3	.6	Ravenna, Ohio	4	.5
1.2	Yorkville, N. Y.	11	3.2	Reading, Ohio	8	1.4
2.0	Albemarle, N. C.	8	2.3	Rocky River, Ohio	7	1.2
.8	Asheboro, N. C.	4	.8	St. Bernard, Ohio	12	1.6
	Forest City, N. C.	3	.7	St. Marys, Ohio	3	.6

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*—Continued

CITIES WITH LESS THAN 10,000 INHABITANTS—Continued

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Sebring, Ohio	2	0.5	Brentwood, Pa	6	1.1
Shadyside, Ohio	3	.7	Brockway, Pa	1	.4
Shelby, Ohio	5	.8	Brookville, Pa	2	.5
Sidney, Ohio	5	.5	Brownsville, Pa	7	.9
South Euclid, Ohio	4	.9	Camp Hill, Pa	3	1.0
Tippecanoe City, Ohio	3	1.2	Catasauqua	5	1.0
Toronto, Ohio	4	.6	Clearfield, Pa	2	.2
Troy, Ohio	6	.7	Clifton Heights, Pa	5	1.0
Uhrichsville, Ohio	5	.8	Clymer, Pa	2	.7
Upper Arlington, Ohio	3	1.0	Coaldale, Pa	3	.4
Urbana, Ohio	6	.8	Coplay, Pa	1	.3
Van Wert, Ohio	5	.6	Corry, Pa	6	.8
Wadsworth, Ohio	4	.7	Dale, Pa	3	.9
Washington Court House, Ohio	5	.6	Dallastown, Pa	2	.7
Wellston, Ohio	4	.8	Danville, Pa	3	.4
Westerville, Ohio	2	.7	Derry, Pa	3	1.0
Willoughby, Ohio	6	1.4	Doylestown, Pa	3	.7
Wilmington, Ohio	4	.8	Dupont, Pa	4	.8
Wyoming, Ohio	12	3.2	Duryea, Pa	4	.5
Alva, Okla	4	.8	East Conemaugh, Pa	8	1.6
Anadarko, Okla	5	1.0	East McKeesport, Pa	3	1.0
Blackwell, Okla	9	.9	East Stroudsburg, Pa	4	.7
Bristow, Okla	4	.6	Ebensburg, Pa	3	1.0
Chandler, Okla	4	1.5	Edgewood, Pa	10	2.1
Claremore, Okla	4	1.1	Edwardsville, Pa	5	.6
Commerce, Okla	2	.8	Elizabethtown, Pa	1	.3
Cordell, Okla	3	1.0	Emaus, Pa	15	2.3
Cushing, Okla	8	.9	Emporium, Pa	2	.7
Drumright, Okla	2	.4	Ephrata, Pa	3	.6
Duncan, Okla	8	1.0	Ford City, Pa	4	.7
Edmond, Okla	4	1.1	Forest City, Pa	13	2.5
Elk City, Okla	4	.7	Fountain Hill, Pa	4	.9
El Reno, Okla	10	1.1	Freedom, Pa	2	.6
Frederick, Okla	6	1.3	Freeland, Pa	3	.4
Guthrie, Okla	9	.9	Freeport, Pa	1	.4
Henryetta, Okla	5	.6	Gallitzin, Pa	2	.6
Hobart, Okla	6	1.2	Glenolden, Pa	5	1.1
Holdenville, Okla	5	.7	Greenville, Pa	4	.5
Hollis, Okla	2	.7	Grove City, Pa	3	.5
Hominy, Okla	3	.9	Hamburg, Pa	3	.8
Hugo, Okla	3	.6	Hatboro, Pa	8	3.0
Kingfisher, Okla	5	1.8	Hellertown, Pa	4	1.0
Mangum, Okla	4	.8	Hollidaysburg, Pa	4	1.0
Marlow, Okla	3	1.0	Honesdale, Pa	4	.7
Miami, Okla	7	.9	Huntingdon, Pa	4	.4
Norman, Okla	10	1.0	Indiana, Pa	7	.7
Pawhuska, Okla	3	1.3	Ingram, Pa	8	2.1
Pawnee, Okla	3	1.2	Irwin, Pa	3	.9
Poteau, Okla	2	.6	Jenkintown, Pa	17	3.5
Stillwater, Okla	6	.9	Kane, Pa	18	2.9
Sulphur, Okla	4	.9	Kittanning, Pa	6	.8
Tonkawa, Okla	6	1.8	Kutztown, Pa	2	.7
Albany, Oreg	5	.9	Lansdale, Pa	4	.5
Ashland, Oreg	5	1.1	Lansdowne, Pa	11	1.2
Baker, Oreg	7	.9	Lansford, Pa	5	.5
Bend, Oreg	5	.6	Leechburg, Pa	1	.2
Burns, Oreg	4	1.5	Lehighton, Pa	4	.6
Corvallis, Oreg	4	.5	Lititz, Pa	3	.7
Hood River, Oreg	4	1.5	Lock Haven, Pa	9	.9
La Grande, Oreg	7	.9	McAdoo, Pa	3	.6
Marshfield, Oreg	7	1.3	McDonald, Pa	2	.6
Oregon City, Oreg	5	.9	Marcus Hook, Pa	5	1.0
Roseburg, Oreg	3	.7	Masontown, Pa	2	.5
The Dalles, Oreg	7	1.2	Mechanicsburg, Pa	4	.7
Ambler, Pa	3	.8	Midland, Pa	6	1.0
Apollo, Pa	3	.9	Millvale, Pa	4	.5
Ashley, Pa	4	.6	Milton, Pa	3	.4
Avalon, Pa	12	2.0	Monaca, Pa	3	.6
Bangor, Pa	4	.7	Mount Joy, Pa	3	1.1
Barnesboro, Pa	3	.9	Mount Penn, Pa	5	1.7
Beaver, Pa	7	1.2	Mount Pleasant, Pa	3	.5
Bedford, Pa	2	.7	Nanty Glo, Pa	2	.4
Bellefonte, Pa	3	.6	Nazareth, Pa	4	.7
Blairsville, Pa	3	.6	New Cumberland, Pa	1	.2
Boyertown, Pa	2	.5	Northampton, Pa	3	.3
Brackenridge, Pa	4	.6	North Bellevernon, Pa	1	.3
			North East, Pa	4	1.1

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*—Continued

CITIES WITH LESS THAN 10,000 INHABITANTS—Continued

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Norwood, Pa	6	1.5	Borger, Tex	25	3.8
Oakmont, Pa	6	1.0	Breckenridge, Tex	4	.5
Palmerton, Pa	7	.9	Bryan, Tex	8	1.0
Patton, Pa	1	.3	Burkburnett, Tex	3	.9
Pen Argyl, Pa	3	.7	Childress, Tex	2	.4
Penbrook, Pa	5	1.4	Cisco, Tex	7	1.2
Portage, Pa	8	1.8	Coleman, Tex	3	.5
Punxsutawney, Pa	5	.5	Denton, Tex	13	1.4
Quakertown, Pa	4	.8	Eastland, Tex	4	.9
Rankin, Pa	13	1.6	Electra, Tex	5	.7
Reynoldsville, Pa	2	.6	Jasper, Tex	2	.6
Ridgway, Pa	2	.3	Kerrville, Tex	4	.9
Roaring Spring, Pa	2	.7	Longview, Tex	7	1.4
Rochester, Pa	7	.9	Lufkin, Tex	4	.5
St. Clair, Pa	6	.8	McKinney, Tex	14	1.9
St. Marys, Pa	3	.4	Mexia, Tex	4	.6
Schuylkill Haven, Pa	4	.6	Mineral Wells, Tex	6	1.0
Scottdale, Pa	3	.4	Mineola, Tex	2	.6
Sewickley, Pa	8	1.4	New Braunfels, Tex	18	2.9
Sharpsburg, Pa	8	.9	Olney, Tex	4	1.0
Sharpsville, Pa	5	1.0	Orange, Tex	12	1.5
Shillington, Pa	3	.7	Pecos, Tex	2	.6
Shippensburg, Pa	3	.7	Perryton, Tex	5	1.8
Slatington, Pa	6	1.5	Ranger, Tex	5	.8
Somerset, Pa	3	.7	Smithville, Tex	1	.3
South Connellsville, Pa	1	.3	Stamford, Tex	4	1.0
South Fork, Pa	1	.3	Weslaco, Tex	4	.6
South Greensburg, Pa	1	.4	American Fork, Utah	4	1.3
Southwest Greensburg, Pa	1	.4	Bingham Canyon, Utah	2	.6
Spangler, Pa	1	.4	Brigham City, Utah	4	.8
Spring City, Pa	2	.4	Eureka, Utah	3	1.0
State College, Pa	2	.4	Logan, Utah	8	.8
Stroudsburg, Pa	2	.3	Murray, Utah	4	.8
Summit Hill, Pa	1	.2	Nephi, Utah	3	1.2
Swarthmore, Pa	6	1.8	Park City, Utah	2	.5
Swoyerville, Pa	13	1.4	Payson, Utah	3	1.0
Tarentum, Pa	7	.7	Richfield, Utah	4	1.3
Throop, Pa	7	.9	Spanish Fork, Utah	3	.8
Titusville, Pa	7	.9	Springville, Utah	2	.5
Trafford, Pa	3	.7	Bennington Village, Vt	12	1.6
Tyrone, Pa	3	.3	Brattleboro, Vt	4	.5
Upland, Pa	1	.4	Montpelier, Vt	12	1.5
Waynesburg, Pa	4	.8	Newport, Vt	9	1.8
Weatherly, Pa	1	.4	Proctor, Vt	1	.4
Wesleyville, Pa	2	.7	St. Albans, Vt	3	.4
West Conshohocken, Pa	1	.4	St. Johnsbury, Vt	10	1.3
Westmont, Pa	5	1.5	Springfield, Vt	5	1.0
West Newton, Pa	3	1.0	Windsor, Vt	4	1.1
West Pittston, Pa	7	.9	Winooski, Vt	3	.6
West Reading, Pa	11	2.2	Clifton Forge, Va	7	1.0
Westview, Pa	5	.8	Covington, Va	5	.8
West York, Pa	4	.7	Farmville, Va	5	1.6
Wilmerding, Pa	5	.8	Franklin, Va	4	1.4
Windber, Pa	3	.3	Galax, Va	4	1.6
Wyomissing, Pa	6	1.9	Hampton, Va	9	1.4
Yendon, Pa	13	2.4	Harrisonburg, Va	8	1.1
Youngwood, Pa	2	.7	Lexington, Va	5	1.3
Barrington, R. I	4	.8	Norton, Va	3	1.0
Burrillville, R. I	3	.4	Radford, Va	3	.5
East Greenwich, R. I	2	.5	Salem, Va	7	1.4
Darlington, S. C	7	1.3	South Norfolk, Va	6	.8
Georgetown, S. C	6	1.2	Waynesboro, Va	8	1.3
Lancaster, S. C	7	2.0	Williamsburg, Va	4	1.1
Newberry, S. C	9	1.2	Anacortes, Wash	3	.5
Union, S. C	13	1.8	Centralia, Wash	8	1.0
York, S. C	4	1.4	Clarkston, Wash	2	.7
Hot Springs, S. Dak	5	1.7	Cle Elum, Wash	4	1.6
Lead, S. Dak	3	.5	Colfax, Wash	3	1.1
Mobridge, S. Dak	3	.9	Kelso, Wash	4	.6
Yankton, S. Dak	5	.8	Pasco, Wash	4	1.1
Alcoa, Tenn	2	.4	Port Townsend, Wash	2	.5
Cleveland, Tenn	7	.8	Puyallup, Wash	6	.8
Dyersburg, Tenn	8	.9	Renton, Wash	4	1.0
Elizabethton, Tenn	7	.9	Benwood, W. Va	7	1.8
Greeneville, Tenn	6	1.1	Buckhannon, W. Va	3	.7
Norris, Tenn	21	7.0	Chester, W. Va	1	.3
Union City, Tenn	6	1.0	Follansbee, W. Va	3	.6
Arlington, Tex	6	1.6	Grafton, W. Va	7	.9

TABLE 46.—*Number of police department employees, 1936*—Continued

CITIES WITH LESS THAN 10,000 INHABITANTS—Continued

City	Average number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants	City	Average Number of employees	Number per 1,000 inhabitants
Hollidays Cove, W. Va	8	1.8	Menomonie, Wis	5	0.9
Keyser, W. Va	3	.5	Merrill, Wis	7	.8
Logan, W. Va	4	.9	Monroe, Wis	7	1.4
McMechen, W. Va	2	.5	Neenah, Wis	9	1.0
Mannington, W. Va	2	.6	Oconto, Wis	2	.4
Princeton, W. Va	6	.9	Portage, Wis	5	.8
St. Albans, W. Va	3	.9	Port Washington, Wis	4	1.1
Salem, W. Va	2	.7	Reedsburg, Wis	2	.7
South Charleston, W. Va	4	.7	Rhinelander, Wis	4	.5
Wellsburg, W. Va	3	.5	Sparta, Wis	4	.8
Weston, W. Va	5	.6	Sturgeon Bay, Wis	4	.8
Williamson, W. Va	11	1.2	Tomah, Wis	3	.9
Antigo, Wis	6	.7	Waupaca, Wis	7	2.2
Burlington, Wis	5	1.2	Waupun, Wis	3	.5
Chippewa Falls, Wis	9	.9	West Bend, Wis	6	1.3
Columbus, Wis	5	2.0	West Milwaukee, Wis	11	2.6
Edgerton, Wis	3	1.0	Whitefish Bay, Wis	13	2.4
Fort Atkinson, Wis	4	.7	Wisconsin Rapids, Wis	10	1.1
Jefferson, Wis	2	.8	Laramie, Wyo	6	.7
Kaukauna, Wis	5	.8	Rock Springs, Wyo	7	.8
Ladysmith, Wis	2	.6	Sheridan, Wyo	7	.8
Marshfield, Wis	8	.9			

Offenses Known to the Police, 1932–33, Cities Over 100,000.

Crime data for 1930 for individual cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants were included in the issue of this publication for December, 1930. Similar information for 1931 was published in December, 1931. However, such data for 1932 and 1933 have not heretofore been included in any issue of the bulletin. Therefore, available figures for those cities for 1932 and 1933 are presented in table 47, in order that figures for all years may be readily accessible to interested agencies. Similar figures for 1934–36 may be found in the issue of this publication for the fourth quarter of the respective years.

The information presented in table 47 should be considered as subject to the comment which precedes table 38.

TABLE 47.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1932–33*

[Cities over 100,000 in population]

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
						Over $50	Under $50	
Akron, Ohio:								
1932	14	18	405	232	1,529	363	1,274	751
1933	26	23	257	191	1,185	366	1,564	616
Albany, N. Y.:								
1932	5	12	59	95	393	83	412	366
1933	8	8	61	77	294	72	483	339
Baltimore, Md.:								
1932	64	56	543	53	2,471	(1)	3,933	3,593
1933	51	86	560	49	2,278	675	3,073	2,794
Birmingham, Ala.:								
1932	80	9	394	257	2,399	397	652	1,680
1933	107	3	252	369	2,091	368	722	1,251
Boston, Mass.:								
1932	12	95	554	180	1,932	1,447	4,485	4,790
1933	21	61	551	200	2,448	1,911	4,785	4,918
Bridgeport, Conn.:								
1932	2	5	45	4	505	67	512	646
1933	6	2	45	3	746	65	716	528
Buffalo, N. Y.:								
1932	21	44	158	405	795	233	1,467	973
1933	23	45	(2)	351	(2)	(2)	(2)	984
Cambridge, Mass.:								
1932	3	6	45	17	355	62	364	486
1933	3	10	43	35	338	101	383	428
Canton, Ohio:								
1932	6	5	161	28	653	262	710	753
1933	4	2	100	56	516	(1)	998	518
Chattanooga, Tenn.:								
1932	(2)	3	136	(2)	569	394	1,046	331
1933	(2)	1	129	(2)	903	425	1,664	398
Chicago, Ill.:								
1932	328	192	15,933	2,686	22,744	5,316	14,162	33,282
1933	353	165	15,146	2,588	22,010	5,029	16,039	26,660
Cincinnati, Ohio:								
1932	52	52	497	400	1,204	558	3,945	1,010
1933	69	35	334	369	1,269	522	3,816	966
Cleveland, Ohio:								
1932	88	34	2,078	237	3,872	336	10,723	3,421
1933	99	30	1,619	205	2,773	278	10,988	2,721
Columbus, Ohio:								
1932	22	4	426	194	1,824	833	3,676	1,390
1933	33	3	483	150	1,763	565	3,210	1,150
Dallas, Tex.:								
1932	56	7	284	338	2,121	208	5,068	1,796
1933	52	18	235	379	2,222	162	5,697	1,423
Dayton, Ohio:								
1932	18	7	171	150	507	81	2,543	829
1933	16	13	145	198	486	87	2,748	688
Denver, Colo.:								
1932	21	15	640	72	2,472	(1)	2,061	1,150
1933	14	16	568	54	2,783	(1)	2,708	1,362
Des Moines, Iowa:								
1932	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	5	4	127	24	493	30	1,811	698
Detroit, Mich.:								
1932	96	222	1,823	612	3,771	791	19,975	4,897
1933	78	261	1,852	809	4,076	890	24,372	4,474
Duluth, Minn.:								
1932	1	1	41	2	366	41	884	284
1933	2	2	22	3	287	67	1,088	203
Elizabeth, N. J.:								
1932	5	7	52	42	393	90	654	412
1933	3	3	36	42	473	60	541	324
El Paso, Tex.:								
1932	9	3	74	37	510	58	1,083	535
1933	6	13	82	25	512	35	953	360
Erie, Pa.:								
1932	3	3	98	25	563	96	449	380
1933	1	1	77	21	530	66	372	217
Evansville, Ind.:								
1932	8	11	41	44	335	59	1,178	421
1933	4	24	65	44	296	67	1,120	465

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 47.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1932–33*—Continued

[Cities over 100,000 in population]

	Murder, non-negligent manslaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
						Over $50	Under $50	
Fall River, Mass.:								
1932		8	14	2	616	48	309	562
1933	1	10	26	4	533	54	311	250
Flint, Mich.:								
1932	7	19	59	81	743	106	1,533	309
1933	3	24	71	96	660	168	1,715	361
Fort Wayne, Ind.:								
1932	3	7	85	9	361	69	1,006	281
1933	2	4	64	10	405	67	1,002	255
Fort Worth, Tex.:								
1932	47	5	189	52	1,194	218	2,123	1,591
1933	36	4	211	32	1,551	148	2,426	1,604
Gary, Ind.:								
1932	16	1	129	92	307	38	415	232
1933	10	3	89	74	302	34	253	172
Grand Rapids, Mich.:								
1932		6	45	14	553	46	1,376	428
1933	5	10	36	27	639	47	1,414	392
Hartford, Conn.:								
1932	4	9	36	45	514	227	1,501	470
1933	3	15	57	70	538	229	1,745	478
Houston, Tex.:								
1932	74	44	523	244	2,646	585	3,530	2,518
1933	85	38	451	268	3,020	669	4,349	2,193
Indianapolis, Ind.:								
1932	32	23	506	228	1,935	(1)	5,491	2,025
1933	27	17	543	267	2,793	(1)	6,236	2,035
Jacksonville, Fla.:								
1932	61	1	250	273	1,298	148	1,171	786
1933	49	4	223	412	1,255	254	1,791	569
Kansas City, Kans.:								
1932	26	7	390	67	1,280	348	528	796
1933	22	9	343	77	891	(1)	846	621
Knoxville, Tenn.:								
1932	20	3	94	31	541	106	288	287
1933	17		44	25	644	113	336	329
Long Beach, Calif.:								
1932	7	23	221	26	1,269	242	1,751	808
1933	2	17	199	11	1,264	409	1,974	813
Los Angeles, Calif.:								
1932	86	195	2,531	263	9,906	3,577	11,133	8,442
1933	89	228	2,319	387	9,545	2,924	13,369	7,373
Louisville, Ky.:								
1932	50	12	370	884	2,159	480	2,652	1,053
1933	54	15	399	690	2,032	403	2,924	977
Lowell, Mass.:								
1932	(1)	9	13	5	109	16	162	128
1933	12	1	11	2	140	31	212	111
Lynn, Mass.:								
1932	1	4	41	5	450	135	1,040	206
1933	2	3	30	13	497	102	1,010	297
Memphis, Tenn.:								
1932	102	5	700	877	2,168	(1)	1,420	874
1933	98	8	531	948	1,294	(1)	650	700
Miami, Fla.:								
1932	25	4	136	239	811	(2)	(2)	443
1933	19	2	116	435	1,091	(2)	(2)	349
Milwaukee, Wis.:								
1932	14	19	124	31	856	468	3,558	1,249
1933	9	8	112	41	898	418	4,030	870
Minneapolis, Minn.:								
1932	16	7	524	42	1,467	(1)	613	2,915
1933	18	4	518	58	1,912	(1)	707	3,411
Nashville, Tenn.:								
1932	30		216	119	560	102	764	561
1933	35	13	213	569	606	250	734	639
Newark, N.J.:								
1932	28	10	448	520	4,156	(1)	2,243	2,736
1933	33	14	580	724	4,258	(1)	2,675	2,481
New Bedford, Mass.:								
1932		3	24	6	541	99	925	281
1933		8	8	17	442	68	854	196

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 47.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1932-33*—Continued

[Cities over 100,000 in population]

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
						Over $50	Under $50	
New Haven, Conn.:								
1932	2	12	58	25	860	246	1,367	544
1933		11	42	26	787	229	1,285	571
New Orleans, La.:								
1932	60	17	306	90	992	183	597	1,112
1933	66	15	204	83	879	(¹)	849	1,011
Norfolk, Va.:								
1932	17	6	132	109	763	115	1,636	494
1933	26		203	64	936	105	1,567	407
Oakland, Calif.:								
1932	10	39	435	94	1,629	479	3,361	1,734
1933	10	35	363	113	1,232	459	3,609	1,617
Oklahoma City, Okla.:								
1932	17	6	354	49	484	(¹)	1,520	548
1933	10	3	301	41	683	(¹)	1,867	568
Omaha, Nebr.:								
1932	19	4	261	117	450	97	988	1,612
1933	14	1	193	137	562	154	1,222	1,760
Peoria, Ill.:								
1932	3	5	111	14	385	52	705	516
1933	4	1	107	12	443	39	489	604
Philadelphia, Pa.:								
1932	144	128	709	806	2,812	1,094	2,684	1,993
1933	131	117	568	922	2,612	848	2,210	2,164
Pittsburgh, Pa.:								
1932	51	48	1,227	178	1,461	867	1,135	2,812
1933	49	27	1,150	171	1,412	715	1,216	2,447
Portland, Oreg.:								
1932	12	12	628	44	2,860	688	4,078	1,398
1933	8	5	586	51	3,150	662	4,456	1,078
Providence, R. I.:								
1932	2	1	46	81	839	657	1,591	440
1933	5		20	67	743	151	1,635	340
Richmond, Va.:								
1932	32	25	114	397	1,025	326	2,823	873
1933	21	28	87	596	1,192	341	3,004	694
Rochester, N. Y.:								
1932	4	2	58	53	862	112	1,450	521
1933	5	6	51	50	759	141	1,520	357
St. Louis, Mo.:								
1932	102	95	1,422	513	2,294	(¹)	9,672	3,448
1933	119	74	1,277	413	2,202	(¹)	9,812	3,037
St. Paul, Minn.:								
1932	8	5	295	20	1,295	165	1,552	1,294
1933	6	6	337	37	1,648	109	2,144	1,328
Salt Lake City, Utah:								
1932	4	2	170	49	1,089	85	927	753
1933	8	5	132	29	1,011	15	1,126	862
San Antonio, Tex:								
1932	46	24	361	388	1,390	742	3,532	1,500
1933	56	16	233	372	1,265	641	3,578	1,910
San Diego, Calif.:								
1932	6	8	173	24	887	180	1,178	702
1933	11	12	158	24	600	117	1,209	651
San Francisco, Calif.:								
1932	30	18	719	160	2,882	(¹)	7,354	4,338
1933	30	15	691	239	2,199	(¹)	7,300	3,826
Scranton, Pa.:								
1932	5	6	99	38	436	83	369	474
1933	7	3	99	30	413	71	341	424
Seattle, Wash.:								
1932	4	25	779	9	2,944	833	4,042	2,347
1933	12	10	739	35	3,333	651	4,709	2,393
Somerville, Mass.:								
1932			30	5	332	32	274	316
1933	1	10	24	13	342	38	367	299
Spokane, Wash.:								
1932	6		157	100	861	135	1,974	459
1933	4		105	99	863	177	2,344	355
Springfield, Mass.:								
1932	1	5	25	67	497	250	1,192	328
1933	1	10	8	20	384	130	858	271

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 47.—*Number of offenses known to the police, January to December, inclusive, 1932–33*—Continued

[Cities over 100,000 in population]

	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
						Over $50	Under $50	
Syracuse, N. Y.:								
1932	5	23	84	64	1,110	(1)	1,785	797
1933	2	31	43	41	931	(1)	1,685	537
Tacoma, Wash.:								
1932	3	2	142	5	747	40	1,134	529
1933	3	2	94	2	708	41	985	463
Tampa, Fla.:								
1932	15	3	22	22	500	52	945	434
1933	15	6	76	291	405	27	1,005	280
Toledo, Ohio:								
1932	12	25	585	115	1,688	506	(2)	2,072
1933	20	27	400	116	1,264	687	(2)	1,742
Tulsa, Okla.:								
1932	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
1933	31	2	210	123	1,181	220	1,875	602
Utica, N. Y.:								
1932		2	30	6	367	106	504	212
1933	1	3	29	9	231	205	664	161
Washington, D. C.:								
1932	73	24	1,021	183	3,073	1,018	3,708	3,602
1933	87	18	1,005	216	2,869	982	4,063	3,306
Waterbury, Conn.:								
1932	2	11	18	21	325	86	415	363
1933	2	8	24	20	258	71	326	392
Wichita, Kans.:								
1932	4	2	51	11	447	73	1,389	243
1933	7	3	66	15	418	53	1,928	241
Wilmington, Del.:								
1932	4	1	41	11	416	116	609	312
1933	10	9	45	69	384	102	555	227
Worcester, Mass.:								
1932	4	2	23	10	770	191	275	839
1933	2	1	28	16	667	117	204	968
Yonkers, N. Y.:								
1932	6	12	17	79	183	26	180	190
1933	2	7	12	68	141	15	200	101
Youngstown, Ohio:								
1932	13	3	231	147	960	26	1,241	853
1933	9	3	162	144	693	64	1,170	597

[1] Larcenies not separately reported. Figure listed includes both major and minor larcenies.
[2] Not reported.

DATA COMPILED FROM FINGERPRINT RECORDS

During the first 6 months of 1937 the F B I examined 251,575 arrest records as evidenced by fingerprint cards, in order to obtain data concerning the age, sex, race and previous criminal histories of the persons represented. The compilation has been limited to instances of arrests for violations of State laws and municipal ordinances. In other words, fingerprint cards representing arrests for violations of Federal laws or representing commitments to any type of penal institution have been excluded from this tabulation.

The number of fingerprint records examined was considerably larger than for the corresponding portion of prior years, which were as follows: 1936, 219,868; 1935, 189,500; 1934, 173,768. The increase in the number of arrest records examined should not be construed as reflecting an increase in the amount of crime, nor necessarily as an increase in the number of persons arrested, since it quite probably is at least partially the result of an increase in the number of local agencies contributing fingerprint records to the Identification Division of the F B I. The tabulation of data from fingerprint cards obviously does not include all persons arrested, since there are individuals taken into custody for whom no fingerprint cards are forwarded to Washington. Furthermore, data pertaining to persons arrested should not be treated as information regarding the number of offenses committed, since two or more persons may be involved in the joint commission of a single offense, and on the other hand one person may be arrested and charged with the commission of several separate crimes.

More than 30 percent of the arrest records examined during the first half of 1937 represented persons taken into custody for murder, robbery, assault, burglary, larceny, and auto theft. Arrests for major violations are reflected by the following figures:

Criminal homicide	3,373
Robbery	6,655
Assault	13,903
Burglary	16,610
Larceny (except auto theft)	29,690
Auto theft	6,504
Embezzlement and fraud	7,431
Stolen property (receiving, etc.)	1,753
Forgery and counterfeiting	3,610
Rape	2,798
Narcotic drug laws	2,037
Weapons (carrying, etc.)	3,124
Driving while intoxicated	10,599
Gambling	3,596
Arson	425
Total	112,108

Of the total of 251,575 arrest records examined, 17,745 (7.1 percent) represented females. During the entire calendar year 1936 women were represented by 7.3 percent of all arrest records examined. The types of crimes for which women were taken into custody may be ascertained from the following table:

(95)

TABLE 48.—*Distribution of arrests by sex, Jan. 1–June 30, 1937*

Offense charged	Number			Percent		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Criminal homicide	3,373	3,052	321	1.3	1.3	1.8
Robbery	6,655	6,365	290	2.6	2.7	1.6
Assault	13,903	12,730	1,173	5.5	5.4	6.6
Burglary—breaking or entering	16,610	16,365	245	6.6	7.0	1.4
Larceny—theft	29,690	27,596	2,094	11.8	11.8	11.8
Auto theft	6,504	6,409	95	2.6	2.7	.5
Embezzlement and fraud	7,431	7,114	317	3.0	3.0	1.8
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	1,753	1,627	126	.7	.7	.7
Arson	425	383	42	.2	.2	.2
Forgery and counterfeiting	3,610	3,395	215	1.4	1.5	1.2
Rape	2,798	2,798		1.1	1.2	
Prostitution and commercialized vice	2,732	641	2,091	1.1	.3	11.8
Other sex offenses	4,193	3,511	682	1.7	1.5	3.8
Narcotic drug laws	2,037	1,588	449	.8	.7	2.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	3,124	3,021	103	1.2	1.3	.6
Offenses against family and children	2,914	2,856	58	1.2	1.2	.3
Liquor laws	4,807	4,176	631	1.9	1.8	3.6
Driving while intoxicated	10,599	10,388	211	4.2	4.4	1.2
Road and driving laws	1,835	1,812	23	.7	.8	.1
Parking violations	14	14		(1)	(1)	
Disorderly conduct	3,192	3,147	45	1.3	1.3	.3
Drunkenness	11,010	9,589	1,421	4.4	4.0	8.0
Vagrancy	41,043	38,949	2,094	16.3	16.8	11.8
Suspicion	20,925	19,533	1,392	8.3	8.4	7.8
Gambling	3,596	3,348	248	1.4	1.4	1.4
Suspicion	28,846	26,470	2,376	11.5	11.3	13.5
Not stated	2,671	2,499	172	1.1	1.1	1.0
All other offenses	15,285	14,454	831	6.1	6.2	4.7
Total	251,575	233,830	17,745	100.0	100.0	100.0

1 Less than 1/10 of 1 percent.

Since the last half of the calendar year 1935, there have been more arrests for ages 21 and 22 than of persons in other age groups. This trend was continued during the first 6 months of 1937, the number of arrests being largest for age 22. It is of interest to note that prior to the middle of 1935 arrests of persons 19 years of age outnumbered arrests for any other single age group. However, during the first half of 1937 the age groups in which arrests occurred most frequently were as follows:

Age:	Number arrested
22	11,130
21	10,812
23	10,472
19	10,391

The compilation further disclosed an increase in the proportion of persons arrested who were less than 21 years old as compared with the record for 1936. The figure for the first 6 months of 1937 was 18.0 percent, as compared with 17.4 percent for the calendar year 1936. In addition to the 45,210 persons less than 21 years old arrested during the first half of 1937, there were 42,058 (16.7 percent) between the ages of 21 and 24, making a total of 87,268 (34.7 percent) less than 25 years old. Persons arrested who were between the ages of 25 and 29 numbered 42,511 (16.9 percent). This makes a total of 129,779 (51.6 percent) less than 30 years old. (With reference to the ages of persons represented by fingerprint cards received at the F B I, it should be borne in mind that the number of arrest records is doubtless incomplete in the lower age groups, because in some jurisdictions the practice is not to fingerprint youthful individuals.)

The number of arrests for ages 16–24 is shown in figure 12.
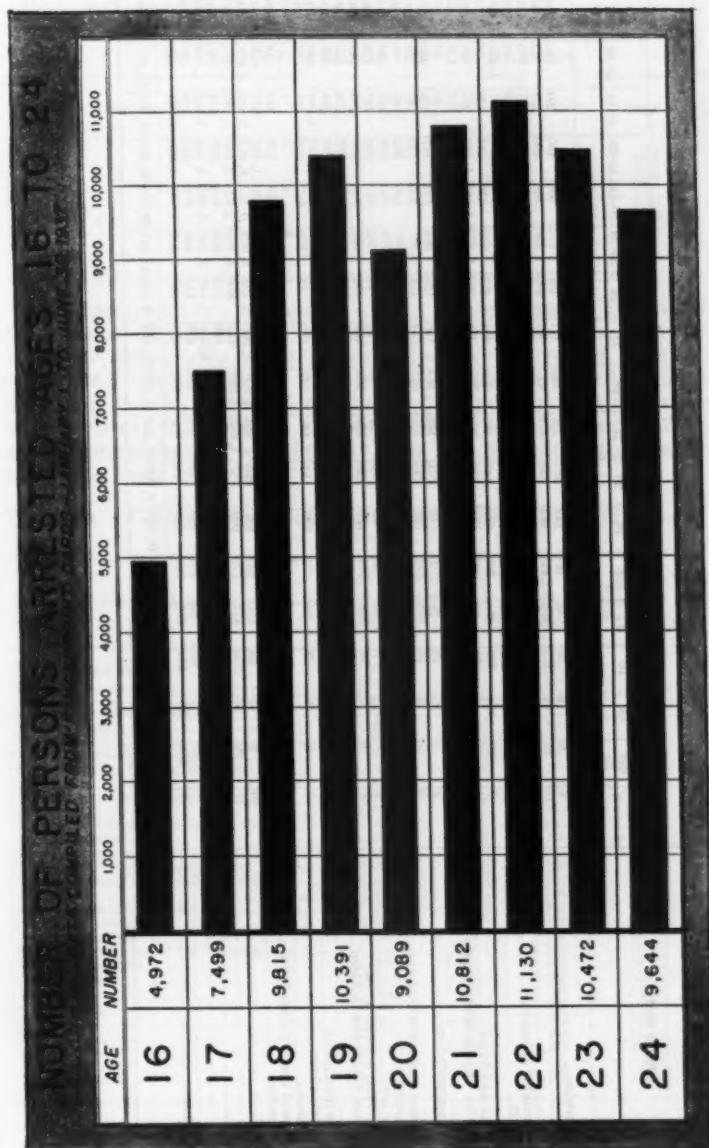
NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED AGES 16 TO 24

AGE	NUMBER
16	4,972
17	7,499
18	9,815
19	10,391
20	9,089
21	10,812
22	11,130
23	10,472
24	9,644

FIGURE 12.

TABLE 49.—*Arrests by age groups, Jan. 1–June 30, 1937*

Offense charged	Not known	Under 15	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50 and over	Total all ages
Criminal homicide	15	9	9	30	44	101	132	107	122	151	141	157	671	508	430	294	191	254	3,373
Robbery	29	21	45	175	302	413	483	430	470	412	491	390	1,350	808	490	251	112	87	6,655
Assault	43	21	38	123	220	320	393	436	552	876	589	389	2,353	2,124	1,867	1,227	836	1,146	13,903
Burglary—breaking or entering	47	427	363	1,110	1,396	1,364	1,257	992	952	879	800	685	2,124	1,881	1,087	609	302	373	16,610
Larceny—theft	14	585	384	1,205	1,655	1,360	1,438	1,454	1,360	1,379	1,274	1,094	4,559	3,406	2,835	1,807	1,235	1,621	29,660
Auto theft	—	86	185	505	641	790	657	445	437	438	304	273	850	416	244	128	56	51	6,504
Embezzlement and fraud	1	5	5	40	51	61	70	39	72	74	69	70	1,272	1,165	1,201	905	398	722	7,431
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	3	6	7	10	10	10	17	12	10	8	8	20	397	233	193	152	116	183	1,733
Arson	—	1	4	7	7	7	—	—	—	—	—	8	46	47	63	45	34	65	425
Forgery and counterfeiting	9	—	—	40	70	144	145	151	145	163	140	131	663	532	487	356	240	222	3,610
Rape	2	1	15	10	100	62	190	183	175	172	154	131	531	289	223	115	104	210	2,798
Prostitution and commercialized vice	7	—	5	7	22	45	86	119	142	212	192	192	684	430	292	142	96	96	2,732
Other sex offenses	4	3	9	65	89	145	66	134	171	194	165	192	704	555	508	335	298	515	4,193
Narcotic drug laws	7	—	—	3	13	56	42	46	57	70	158	132	342	396	366	241	138	194	2,037
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	3	4	3	17	106	31	128	96	141	99	711	109	652	570	380	258	146	256	3,124
Offenses against family and children	—	5	14	10	48	18	31	81	74	99	120	163	624	761	623	254	212	195	2,914
Liquor laws	5	3	14	13	30	87	155	165	308	305	166	355	987	920	566	561	356	845	4,907
Driving while intoxicated	—	1	—	—	26	60	100	81	100	144	351	356	1,530	1,621	1,755	1,284	680	1,048	10,599
Road and driving laws	—	—	—	10	50	74	—	—	—	—	115	83	374	247	160	123	74	78	1,835
Parking violations	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	14
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	6	6	3	21	59	129	171	187	190	198	206	153	419	419	323	216	138	126	8,192
Disorderly conduct	16	24	35	91	240	403	401	357	508	635	501	405	2,028	1,530	1,341	633	635	964	11,010
Drunkenness	50	9	19	58	472	779	627	635	954	1,021	1,045	1,045	6,022	6,157	6,673	5,465	4,071	6,335	41,043
Vagrancy	39	39	55	254	151	393	909	757	1,000	1,005	942	836	3,562	2,828	2,440	1,589	1,213	2,206	20,925
Gambling	7	3	5	18	35	54	62	59	99	114	118	134	616	616	627	424	261	344	3,396
Suspicion	42	243	235	500	922	1,294	1,359	1,129	1,345	1,457	1,338	1,190	5,182	3,896	3,285	2,025	1,418	2,005	28,848
Not stated	6	21	17	58	69	104	100	91	104	128	137	115	484	375	546	228	129	172	2,671
All other offenses	18	256	197	452	616	786	764	678	747	803	659	887	2,537	1,795	1,546	1,631	732	1,079	15,285
Total	424	1,787	1,657	4,672	7,499	9,815	10,391	9,089	10,812	11,130	10,472	9,644	42,511	33,818	30,361	21,219	14,651	21,323	251,575

Persons under 21 years of age were most frequently charged with offenses of robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft. This is clearly indicated by the following tabulation:

Percentage distribution of arrests by age groups

Age group	All offenses	Criminal homicide	Robbery	Burglary	Larceny	Auto theft
Under 21	18.0	13.0	28.1	41.5	30.1	51.6
21–29	33.5	36.8	45.4	34.1	32.6	34.5
30–39	25.5	27.8	19.5	16.1	21.0	10.2
40–49	14.3	14.4	5.5	5.8	10.6	2.8
50 and over	8.5	7.8	1.3	2.2	5.5	.8
Unknown	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

The predominance of youths among those charged with offenses against property is further indicated by the fact that for all types of crimes 87,268 persons under 25 years of age were arrested, thus constituting 34.7 percent of the total of 251,575 arrest records examined. However, youths under 25 numbered 53.2 percent of those charged with robbery, 61.4 percent of those charged with burglary, 47.5 percent of those charged with larceny, and 73.1 percent of those charged with auto theft.

TABLE 50.—*Number and percentage of arrests of persons under 25 years of age, Jan. 1–June 30, 1937*

Offense charged	Total number of persons arrested	Number under 21 years of age	Total number under 25 years of age	Percentage under 21 years of age	Total percentage under 25 years of age
Criminal homicide	3,373	438	1,009	13.0	29.9
Robbery	6,655	1,869	3,542	28.1	53.2
Assault	13,903	1,551	3,878	11.2	27.9
Burglary—breaking or entering	16,610	6,880	10,202	41.5	61.4
Larceny—theft	29,600	8,924	14,110	30.1	47.5
Auto theft	6,504	3,359	4,752	51.6	73.1
Embezzlement and fraud	7,431	473	1,554	6.4	20.9
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc.	1,753	294	579	16.8	33.0
Arson	425	76	124	17.9	29.2
Forgery and counterfeiting	3,610	532	1,106	14.7	30.6
Rape	2,798	681	1,313	24.3	46.9
Prostitution and commercialized vice	2,732	300	1,001	11.0	36.6
Other sex offenses	4,193	574	1,299	13.7	31.0
Narcotic drug laws	2,037	145	421	7.1	20.7
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	3,124	530	1,102	17.0	35.3
Offenses against family and children	2,914	101	503	3.5	17.3
Liquor laws	4,807	365	1,005	7.6	20.9
Driving while intoxicated	10,599	456	1,835	4.3	17.3
Road and driving laws	1,825	297	776	16.2	42.3
Parking violations	14	2	3	14.3	21.4
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	3,192	546	1,302	17.1	40.8
Disorderly conduct	11,010	1,551	3,563	14.1	32.4
Drunkenness	41,043	1,862	6,037	4.5	14.7
Vagrancy	20,925	3,265	7,048	15.6	33.7
Gambling	3,596	236	701	6.6	19.5
Suspicion	28,846	5,692	11,012	19.7	38.2
Not stated	2,671	460	944	17.2	35.3
All other offenses	15,285	3,751	6,547	24.5	42.8
Total	251,575	45,210	87,268	18.0	34.7

Examination of the previous criminal histories of the persons represented by fingerprint cards received during the first 6 months of 1937 revealed that 42 percent (105,878) already had fingerprint cards on file in the Identification Division of the F B I. There were, in addi-

tion. 4,603 records bearing notations indicating previous criminal histories of the persons represented, although their fingerprints had not previously been filed at the Bureau. There were, therefore, a total of 110,481 records containing data concerning the prior criminal activities of the persons arrested, and the records disclosed that 75,248 (68.1 percent) had previously been convicted of one or more offenses. This number is 29.9 percent of the 251,575 arrest records examined, the proportion being approximately the same as during 1936.

In many instances the records revealed previous convictions of major violations, as indicated by the following figures:

Criminal homicide	637
Robbery	2,915
Assault	3,739
Burglary	8,565
Larceny (and related offenses)	18,281
Arson	99
Forgery and counterfeiting	2,408
Rape	528
Narcotic drug laws	1,491
Weapons (carrying, etc.)	890
Driving while intoxicated	1,581
Total	41,134

In 14 cases it was shown that persons charged with criminal homicide during the first half of 1937 had been previously convicted of homicide. The tabulation indicates a general tendency for recidivists to repeat the same type of crime.

As heretofore indicated, the records show that 75,248 of the persons arrested had been previously convicted. The records of those persons disclosed a total of 193,442 prior convictions, an average of more than two per individual; 86,528 of the convictions were for major violations and 106,914 were for less serious infractions of the criminal laws.

TABLE 51.—*Number with previous fingerprint records arrests, Jan. 1–June 30, 1937*

Offense charged	Total	Previous fingerprint record	Offense charged	Total	Previous fingerprint record
Criminal homicide	3,373	813	Offenses against family and children	2,914	1,000
Robbery	6,655	3,432	Liquor laws	4,807	1,870
Assault	13,903	4,985	Driving while intoxicated	10,599	2,788
Burglary—breaking or entering	16,610	7,118	Road and driving laws	1,835	448
Larceny—theft	29,690	12,110	Parking violations	14	4
Auto theft	6,504	2,575	Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	3,192	957
Embezzlement and fraud	7,431	3,393	Disorderly conduct	11,010	4,434
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	1,753	588	Drunkenness	41,043	18,637
Arson	425	97	Vagrancy	20,925	12,116
Forgery and counterfeiting	3,610	1,792	Gambling	3,596	945
Rape	2,798	803	Suspicion	28,846	12,355
Prostitution and commercialized vice	2,732	1,449	Not stated	2,671	1,195
Other sex offenses	4,193	1,113	All other offenses	15,285	6,508
Narcotic drug laws	2,037	1,306			
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	3,124	1,047	Total	251,575	105,878

TABLE 52.—*Percentage with previous fingerprint records, arrests, Jan. 1–June 30, 1937*

Offense	Percent	Offense	Percent
Narcotic drug laws	64.1	Assault	35.9
Vagrancy	57.9	Offenses against family and children	34.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice	53.0	Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	33.5
Robbery	51.6	Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	33.5
Forgery and counterfeiting	49.6	Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	30.0
Embezzlement and fraud	45.7	Rape	28.7
Drunkenness	45.4	Parking violations [1]	28.6
Burglary—breaking or entering	42.9	Other sex offenses	26.5
Suspicion	42.8	Driving while intoxicated	26.3
All other offenses	42.6	Gambling	26.3
Larceny—theft	40.8	Road and driving laws	24.4
Disorderly conduct	40.3	Criminal homicide	24.1
Auto theft	39.6	Arson	22.8
Liquor laws	38.9		

Only 14 fingerprint cards were received representing arrests for violation of parking regulations.

TABLE 53.—*Number of cases in which fingerprint records show the persons arrested had previously been convicted one or more times, Jan. 1–June 30, 1937*

Offense charged at time of current arrest	Most serious offense of which previously convicted														
	Criminal homicide	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Auto theft	Embezzlement and fraud	Stolen property	Arson	Forgery and counterfeiting	Rape	Prostitution and commercialized vice	Sex offenses	Drug laws	Weapons
Criminal homicide	14	39	50	63	75	20	5	1	3	11	6	7	4	7	14
Robbery	15	341	137	403	486	119	46	7	2	66	13	28	29	26	46
Assault	73	152	589	346	536	77	32	25	6	50	29	54	47	47	71
Burglary—breaking or entering	32	216	220	1,598	1,225	239	63	40	14	125	30	18	27	46	65
Larceny—theft	49	313	327	1,271	3,050	315	211	51	16	290	63	79	69	147	88
Auto theft	8	68	59	282	419	66	18	11	1	44	11	7	12	6	19
Embezzlement and fraud	12	68	60	131	376	10	441	15	2	285	7	20	13	26	19
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc.	3	16	12	75	108	1	6	12	3	4	3	5	2	9	8
Arson	1	2	6	4	12	—	—	—	3	2	—	2	1	—	1
Forgery and counterfeiting	6	41	29	101	214	47	126	6	3	383	13	7	9	15	8
Rape	4	32	34	79	111	16	12	2	3	11	38	4	14	3	7
Prostitution and commercialized vice	4	12	28	16	81	9	9	1	—	7	2	565	29	35	5
Other sex offenses	8	26	44	75	108	15	20	2	3	18	16	24	110	6	5
Narcotic drug laws	2	23	14	60	137	15	17	3	1	17	3	40	7	521	9
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	11	64	61	122	116	17	4	3	2	18	5	7	8	14	46
Offenses against family and children	8	6	61	81	62	18	22	2	—	18	7	2	19	7	7
Liquor laws	18	25	66	81	108	18	11	10	—	19	2	26	14	16	17
Driving while intoxicated	14	52	106	134	203	55	38	11	1	49	13	12	16	13	31
Road and driving laws	1	7	16	31	47	1	2	2	—	8	4	2	1	1	5
Parking violations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	4	21	43	63	111	25	15	8	3	17	6	7	6	2	6
Disorderly conduct	26	100	250	273	493	53	45	8	9	51	33	62	63	28	43
Drunkenness	91	263	615	711	1,510	190	221	24	6	234	71	83	150	135	121
Vagrancy	56	313	296	847	1,410	178	190	35	—	205	41	125	88	141	63
Gambling	10	414	30	41	64	8	16	10	7	8	—	10	11	17	12
Suspicion	86	49	325	1,035	1,635	301	252	52	—	289	65	97	88	176	101
Not stated	16	—	35	116	163	36	36	6	—	44	8	7	11	9	8
All other offenses	65	239	246	579	818	162	86	29	12	135	39	36	66	41	64
Total	637	2,915	3,739	8,565	13,678	2,299	1,034	370	99	2,408	528	1,336	904	1,491	890

Offense charged at time of current arrest	Family and children	Liquor laws	Driving while intoxicated	Road and driving	Parking	Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	Disorderly conduct	Drunkenness	Vagrancy	Gambling	Suspicion	Not stated	All other offenses	Total
Criminal homicide	2	34	8	3		8	20	36	16	12	4	1	40	503
Robbery	9	95	17	11		27	88	119	115	27	9	4	147	2,432
Assault	31	214	59	20		35	290	313	133	49	13	4	178	5,493
Burglary—breaking or entering	22	104	47	23		47	151	247	210	31	13	10	330	5,173
Larceny—theft	39	244	88	56		90	316	584	401	39	40	18	472	8,825
Auto theft	7	32	30	11		19	54	91	70	9	3	18	136	1,709
Embezzlement and fraud	16	62	35	9		21	40	114	115	18	12	2	117	2,106
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc.	3	28	4	4		5	13	19	15	9	3	6	35	412
Arson		12						13	1				5	66
Forgery and counterfeiting	18	32	23	4		9	15	51	28	2	6	1	48	1,244
Rape	6	17	8	7		8	24	33	15	7	3	1	44	544
Prostitution and commercialized vice	1	25	6	2		6	53	47	84	4	5	2	21	1,087
Other sex offenses	10	28	10	7		8	60	72	44	4	4	1	46	783
Narcotic drug laws		21		1		9	28	19	61	12	8	1	14	1,032
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	5	44	12	5		10	57	58	28	8	3	2	41	770
Offenses against family and children	83	30	23			12	34	75	12	8	2	1	45	591
Liquor laws	7	496	16	13		46	37	63	33	31	5	2	62	1,296
Driving while intoxicated	11	162	332	42		46	58	390	35	18	5	1	90	1,933
Road and driving laws	2	25	12	27		14	6	35	14	4	2	2	17	305
Parking violations														2
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	6	35	45	12		63	34	63	21	5	1	4	47	660
Disorderly conduct	23	98	57	16		32	507	501	249	21	10	9	198	3,227
Drunkenness	82	572	491	74		73	537	6,891	912	92	37	12	521	14,719
Vagrancy	31	103	89	19		31	371	1,034	1,840	45	58	1	559	8,285
Gambling	4	83	80	1		4	21	21	30	120	3		19	1,568
Suspicion	49	283	75	44		52	274	778	820	47	70	10	531	7,926
Not stated	7	34	8	2		5	29	65	48	4	5	3	54	808
All other offenses	62	152	65	28		45	205	448	298	29	22	254	632	4,847
Total	535	3,125	1,061	447		703	3,317	12,180	8,767	655	355	351	4,439	75,246

Most serious offense of which previously convicted

TABLE 54.—*Number of cases in which fingerprint records show one or more prior convictions, and the total of prior convictions disclosed by the records, Jan. 1–June 30, 1937*

Offense charged at time of current arrest	Number of records showing one or more prior convictions	Number of prior convictions of major offenses	Number of prior convictions of minor offenses	Total number of prior convictions disclosed
Criminal homicide	503	539	434	973
Robbery	2,432	3,646	2,460	6,106
Assault	3,493	3,958	3,903	7,861
Burglary—breaking or entering	5,173	8,307	4,641	12,948
Larceny—theft	8,825	14,535	10,849	25,384
Auto theft	1,709	2,348	1,342	3,690
Embezzlement and fraud	2,106	3,287	1,798	5,085
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	412	569	378	947
Arson	68	60	62	122
Forgery and counterfeiting	1,244	2,233	767	3,000
Rape	544	653	423	1,076
Prostitution and commercialized vice	1,057	1,494	871	2,365
Other sex offenses	783	915	820	1,735
Narcotic drug laws	1,032	2,760	1,108	3,868
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	770	930	724	1,654
Offenses against family and children	591	523	509	1,032
Liquor laws	1,206	760	1,569	2,329
Driving while intoxicated	1,953	1,208	2,244	3,452
Road and driving laws	305	234	294	528
Parking violations	2	4	------------	4
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	660	538	692	1,230
Disorderly conduct	3,227	2,927	5,335	8,262
Drunkenness	14,719	8,532	34,233	42,765
Vagrancy	8,285	8,442	15,048	23,490
Gambling	568	626	488	1,114
Suspicion	7,926	10,117	9,053	19,170
Not stated	808	1,079	782	1,861
All other offenses	4,847	5,304	6,087	11,391
Total	75,248	86,528	106,914	193,442

Whites were represented by 185,121 of the records examined and Negroes by 55,565. The remaining races were represented as follows: Indian, 1,321; Chinese, 543; Japanese, 108; Mexican, 7,823; all others, 1,094.

The significance of the figures showing the number of Negroes arrested as compared with the number of whites can best be indicated in terms of the number of each in the general population of the country. Exclusive of those under 15 years of age, there were according to the 1930 decennial census, 8,041,014 Negroes, 13,069,192 foreign-born whites, and 64,365,193 native whites in the United States. Of each 100,000 Negroes, 691 were arrested and fingerprinted during the first half of 1937, whereas the corresponding figure for native whites was 249 and for foreign-born whites 103. Figures for individual types of violations may be found in the following tabulations. It should be observed in connection with the foregoing data that the figure for native whites includes the immediate descendants of foreign-born individuals. Persons desiring to make a thorough study of the comparative amounts of crime committed by native whites and foreign-born whites should employ available compilations showing the number of instances in which offenders are of foreign or mixed parentage.

TABLE 55.—*Distribution of arrests according to race, Jan. 1–June 30, 1937*

Offense charged	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Mexican	All others	Total all races
Criminal homicide	2,055	1,166	16	1	6	105	24	3,373
Robbery	4,563	1,815	24	5	4	164	60	6,655
Assault	7,498	5,804	51	5	10	422	113	13,903
Burglary—breaking or entering	11,876	4,217	52	5	3	378	79	16,610
Larceny—theft	20,442	8,283	112	13	2	735	103	29,690
Auto theft	5,373	873	41	1	2	204	10	6,504
Embezzlement and fraud	6,390	823	22	6	6	156	28	7,431
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	1,227	465	5	4		47	5	1,753
Arson	360	55	1			9		425
Forgery and counterfeiting	3,223	315	15	3	9	33	12	3,610
Rape	2,048	574	27	7	1	107	34	2,798
Prostitution and commercialized vice	1,929	746	21	2	1	25	8	2,732
Other sex offenses	3,442	603	18	15		92	23	4,193
Narcotic drug laws	1,115	383	7	349	1	141	41	2,037
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	1,752	1,242	3	7	3	81	36	3,124
Offenses against family and children	2,445	364	7		2	82	14	2,914
Liquor laws	2,704	2,023	15	7	2	53	3	4,807
Driving while intoxicated	9,267	701	91	3	9	500	28	10,509
Road and driving laws	1,333	412	12		1	65	12	1,835
Parking violations	13	1						14
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	2,394	643	11	4	2	111	27	3,192
Disorderly conduct	7,600	2,879	65	2	1	325	48	11,010
Drunkenness	33,248	4,927	404	6	32	2,354	74	41,043
Vagrancy	16,001	4,004	114	23	3	657	123	20,925
Gambling	2,114	1,380	3	45	2	36	16	3,596
Suspicion	21,057	6,955	109	17	3	619	86	28,846
Not stated	2,026	589	16			27	13	2,671
All other offenses	11,518	3,323	59	13	3	295	74	15,285
Total	185,121	55,565	1,321	543	108	7,823	1,094	251,575

TABLE 56.—*Number of arrests of Negroes and whites in proportion to the number of each in the general population of the country, Jan. 1–June 30, 1937*

[Rate per 100,000 of population, excluding those under 15 years of age]

Offense charged	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro
Criminal homicide	2.7	2.0	14.5
Robbery	6.4	1.4	22.6
Assault	9.4	9.5	72.2
Burglary—breaking or entering	17.0	3.9	52.4
Larceny—theft	29.1	9.1	103.0
Auto theft	7.8	1.0	10.9
Embezzlement and fraud	8.4	3.3	10.2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc	1.5	1.9	5.8
Arson	.4	.7	.7
Forgery and counterfeiting	4.5	1.3	3.9
Rape	2.8	1.4	7.1
Prostitution and commercialized vice	2.8	.5	9.3
Other sex offenses	4.5	3.1	7.5
Narcotic drug laws	1.6	.5	4.8
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	2.3	1.9	15.4
Offenses against family and children	3.3	2.0	4.5
Liquor laws	3.5	2.9	25.2
Driving while intoxicated	12.8	4.1	8.7
Road and driving laws	1.9	.6	5.1
Parking violations	(1)		(1)
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws	3.4	1.1	8.0
Disorderly conduct	10.5	5.9	35.8
Drunkenness	40.9	17.1	61.3
Vagrancy	21.9	7.7	49.8
Gambling	2.4	1.6	17.2
Suspicion	28.6	10.3	86.5
Not stated	2.9	1.0	7.3
All other offenses	16.1	6.7	41.3
Total	249.4	102.5	691.0

[1] Less than ¹⁄₁₀ of 1 per 100,000.

TABLE 57.—*Number of native whites, number of foreign-born whites, and number of Negroes arrested and fingerprinted by age groups, Jan. 1–June 30, 1937*

Age	Number arrested			Number of arrests per 100,000 of the general population of the United States		
	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro
15	1,119	28	431	56.5	72.9	179.3
16	3,406	79	1,304	168.6	154.7	506.0
17	5,104	88	1,972	261.8	134.8	804.9
18	6,731	98	2,257	342.1	122.4	838.6
19	7,174	115	2,349	383.8	128.1	985.9
20	6,311	105	1,971	347.6	98.2	762.3
21	7,280	107	2,435	397.5	91.8	1,066.6
22	7,378	140	2,571	414.1	108.5	1,030.9
23	6,885	143	2,577	402.4	99.2	1,099.0
24	6,410	166	2,321	385.1	100.3	998.5
25–29	26,910	937	10,979	356.3	91.8	1,024.4
30–34	21,490	1,371	7,791	313.1	110.0	901.2
35–39	18,763	1,798	6,935	286.4	110.2	778.4
40–44	13,202	2,236	3,828	239.8	132.0	556.9
45–49	8,748	2,120	2,351	183.9	135.4	373.1
50 and over	12,593	3,840	2,671	87.0	78.1	186.9
Unknown	125	12	128	185.2	122.1	932.2
Total	159,629	13,383	54,871	248.0	102.4	682.4

TABLE 58.—*Percentage distribution of arrests, by age, of native whites, foreign-born whites, and Negroes, Jan. 1–June 30, 1937*

Age	Number arrested			Percent		
	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro	Native white	Foreign-born white	Negro
15 and under 21	29,845	513	10,284	18.6	3.8	18.7
21–24	27,953	556	9,904	17.4	4.2	18.0
25–29	26,910	937	10,979	16.9	7.0	20.1
30–34	21,490	1,371	7,791	13.5	10.2	14.2
35–39	18,763	1,798	6,935	11.8	13.4	12.6
40–44	13,202	2,236	3,828	8.3	16.7	7.0
45–49	8,748	2,120	2,351	5.5	15.8	4.3
50 and over	12,593	3,840	2,671	7.9	28.8	4.9
Unknown	125	12	128	.1	.1	.2
Total	159,629	13,383	54,871	100.0	100.0	100.0

At the end of June, 1937, there were 7,360,458 fingerprint records and 8,581,013 index cards containing the names and aliases of individuals on file in the Identification Division of the F B I. Of each 100 fingerprint cards received during the first 6 months of 1937, more than 56 were identified with those on file in the Bureau. Fugitives numbering 3,162 were identified through fingerprint records during this same period, and interested law enforcement officials were immediately notified of the whereabouts of those fugitives.

As of June 30, 1937, there were 10,465 police departments, peace officers, and law enforcement agencies throughout the United States and foreign countries voluntarily contributing fingerprints to the F B I.

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